



STRATEGAS SECURITIES, LLC

Economic Outlook

Mar. 8, 2022

Don Rissmiller

212-906-0134

drissmiller@strategasrp.com

Please see the Appendix for Important Disclosures

GEOPOLITICS = EUROPE RECESSION, BUT FED TO PUSH AHEAD NOW

- Germany already looks to be in recession.
- Matters for multi-national EPS, but U.S. GDP trickier call.
- U.S. labor market is overheating (eg, weekly initial claims).
- So, European recession unlikely to stop a hawkish Fed.

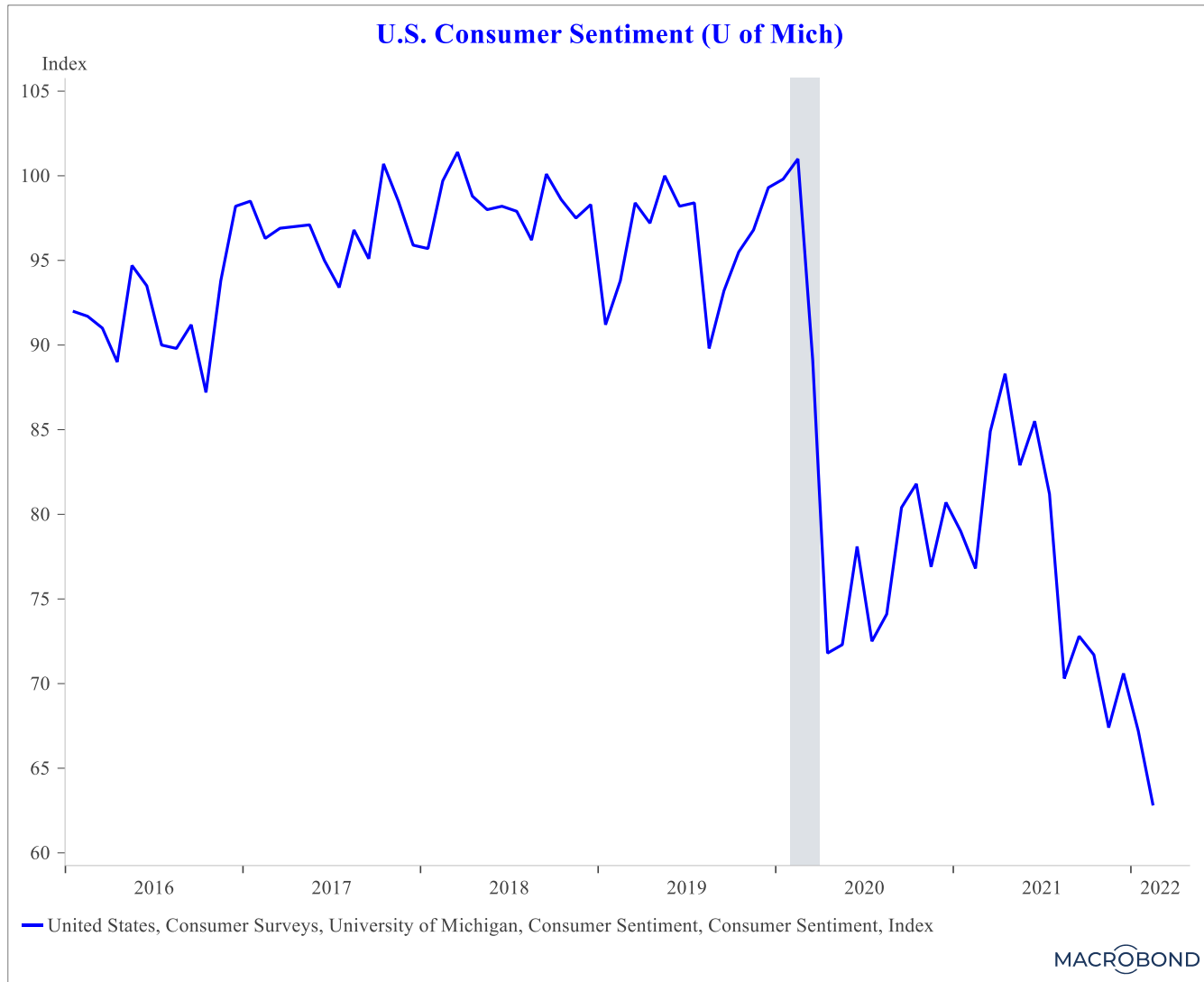
DEMAND, BOTTLENECKS, INFLATION, TIGHTENING

- Chippy GDP: 2Q up/ 3Q down/ 4Q up/ 1Q down (est).
- But with inflation now sticky.
- So ... 2022 central bank tightening (rates + QT).
- Then a 2023 slowdown.

	2021					2022				2023			
	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1QF	2QF	3QF	4QF	1QF	2QF	3QF	4QF
Real GDP Q/Q % AR	4.5%	6.3%	6.7%	2.3%	7.0%	1.0%	3.5%	2.7%	1.0%	0.7%	1.0%	1.8%	2.5%
Core CPI Q/Q % AR	1.9%	1.4%	7.8%	5.3%	5.6%	5.5%	3.5%	2.2%	2.6%	2.5%	2.0%	1.9%	2.0%
Fed Funds EOP	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.5%	1.0%	1.3%	1.5%	1.8%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%

F = Forecast; EOP = End of Period, a = actual
 Note: Fed forecast lists top of expected range 2015:4Q forward.

THE WAY WE'VE RECOVERED, SOMETHING IS OFF



STILL NOTABLE REASONS FOR CONCERN

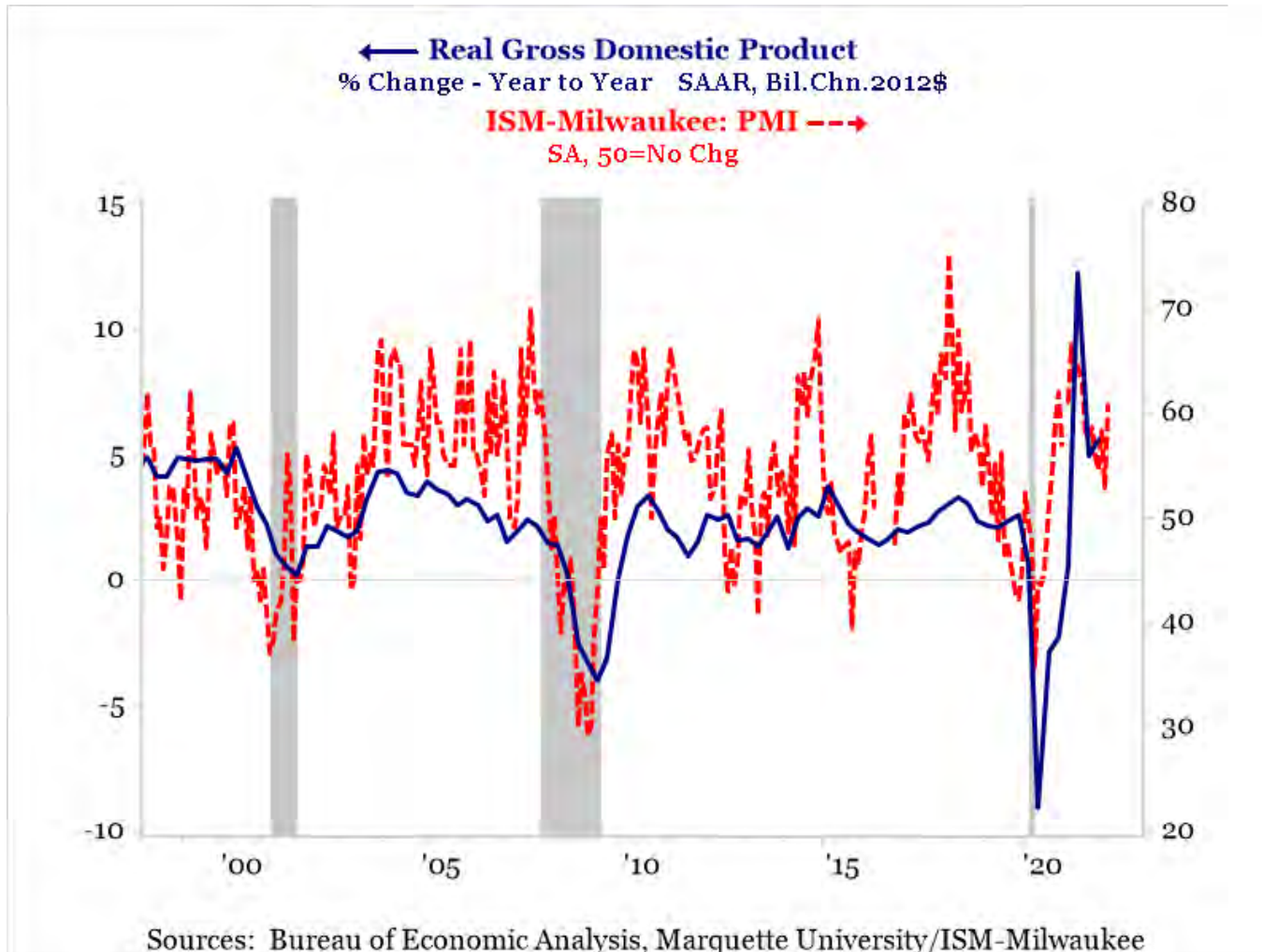
“We show consumer expectations indices from both the Conference Board and the University of Michigan predict economic downturns up to 18 months in advance in the United States, both at national and at state-level. All the recessions since the 1980s have been predicted by at least 10 and sometimes many more point drops in these expectations indices.”

- *Blanchflower & Bryson, NBER #29372, 10/2021*

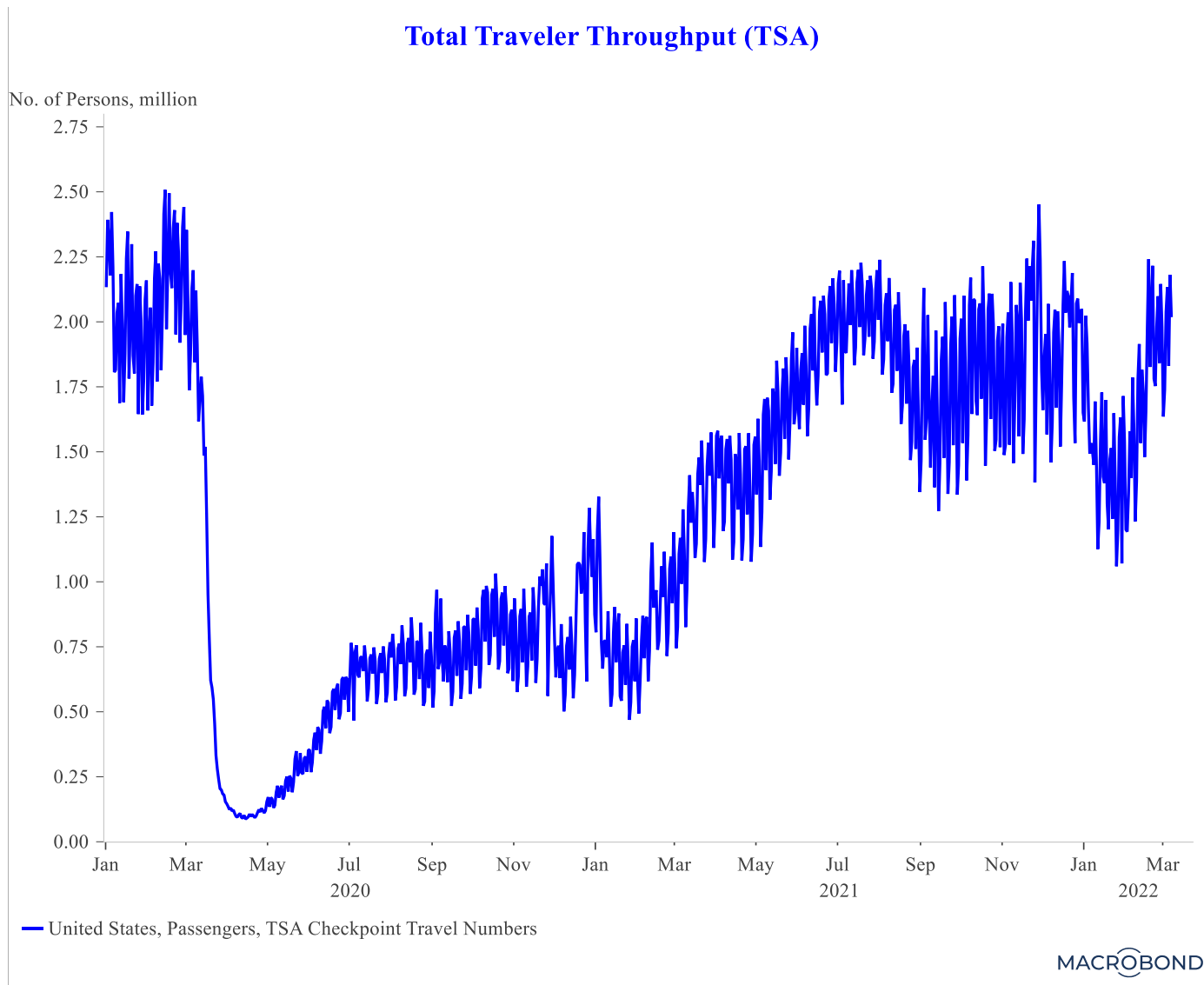
A HEALTH CYCLE VS. BUSINESS CYCLE

- Typical biz cycle driven by durable goods & financial crises.
- *Not this time*: both supply & demand shocks.
- Core goods prices surge
 - Product & transportation bottlenecks.
 - U.S. labor bottleneck (participation rate down).
- **To avoid recession: joint effort (Fed + private sector).**

DURABLE GOODS / FINANCIALS DRIVE TYPICAL BUSINESS CYCLES



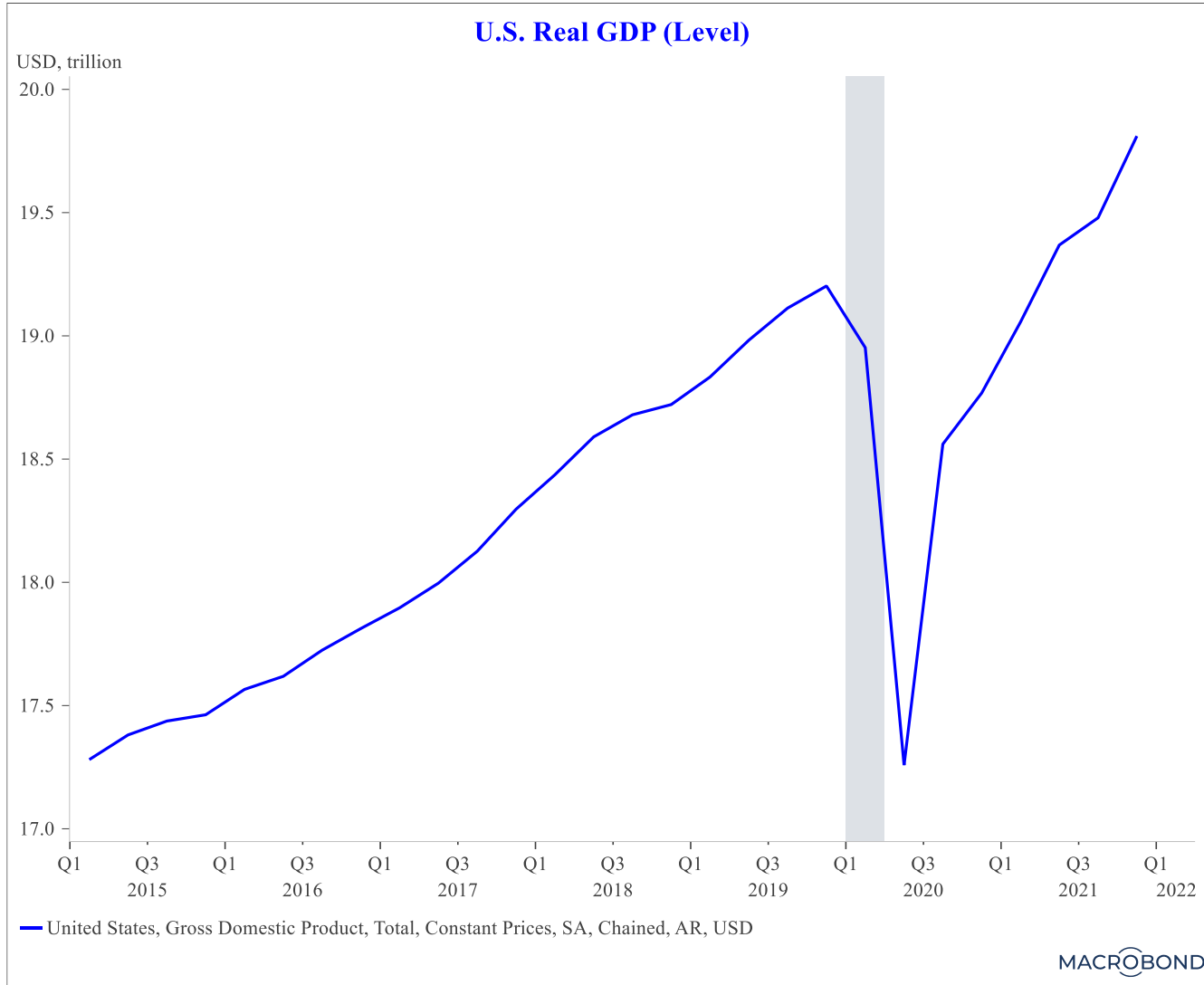
TIMELY DATA HAS BEEN CHOPPY



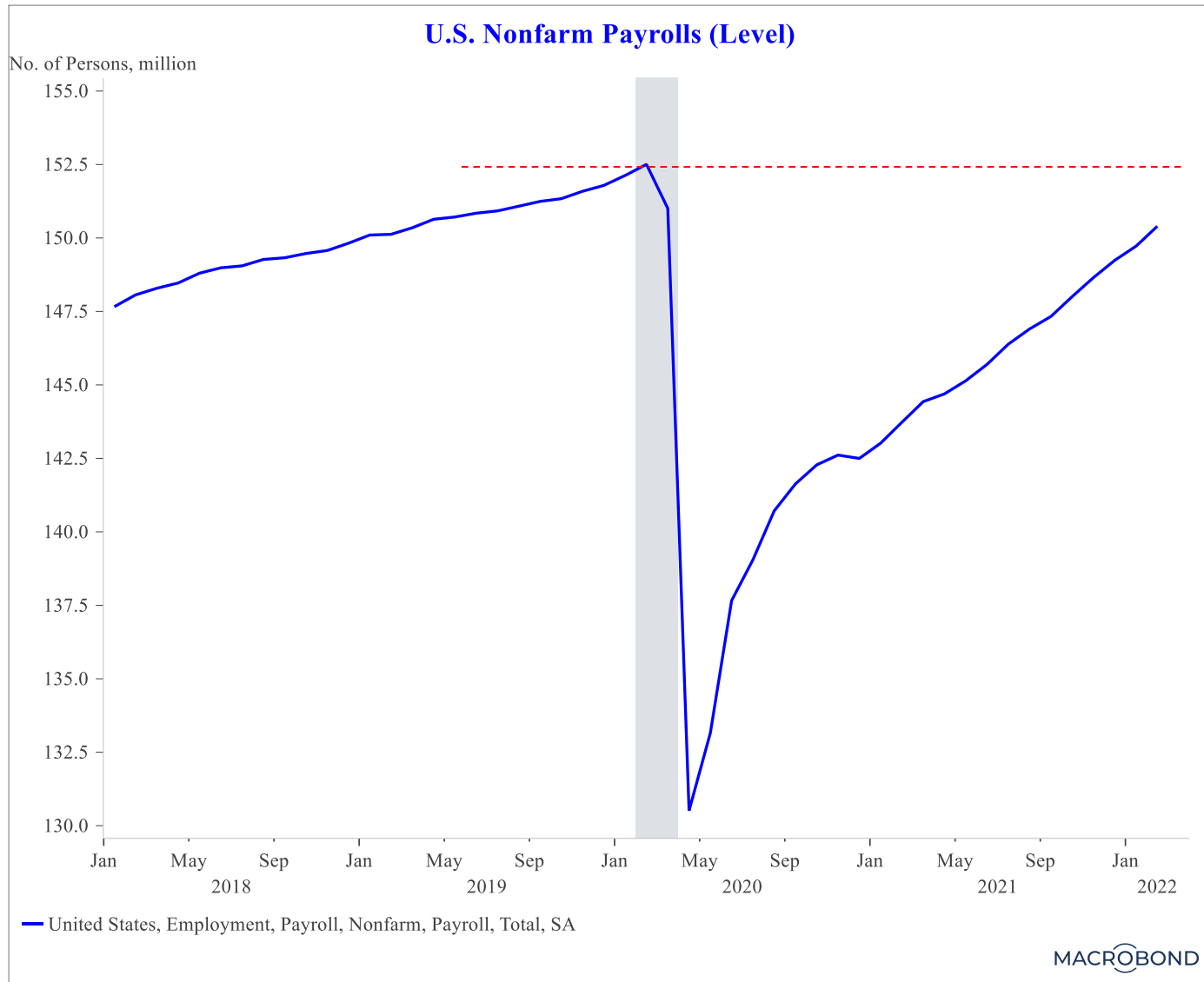
CHOPPY DATA GLOBALLY



TRUE, THERE HAS BEEN A U.S. REAL GDP RECOVERY



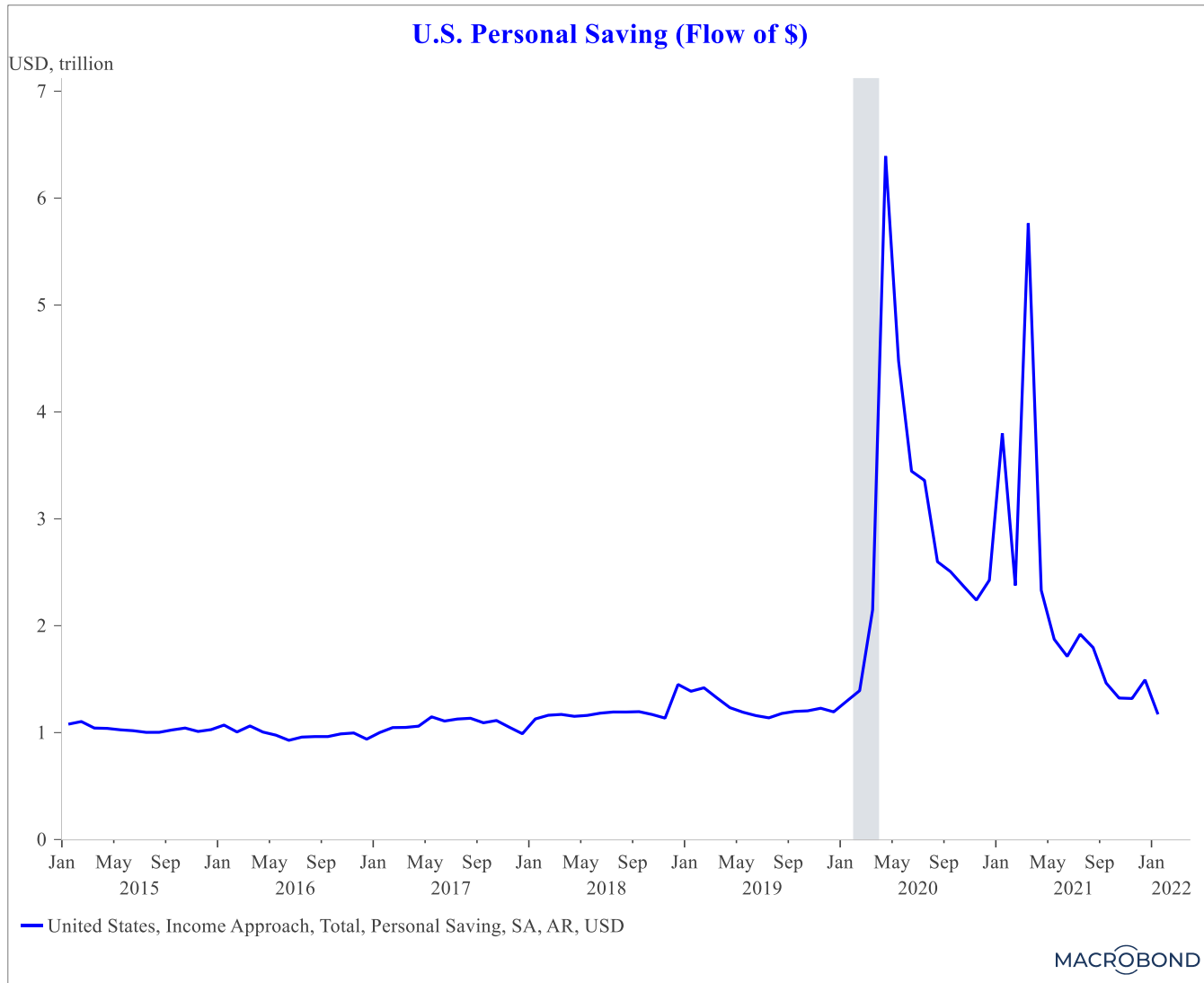
WATCHING LEVEL CHARTS: JOBS



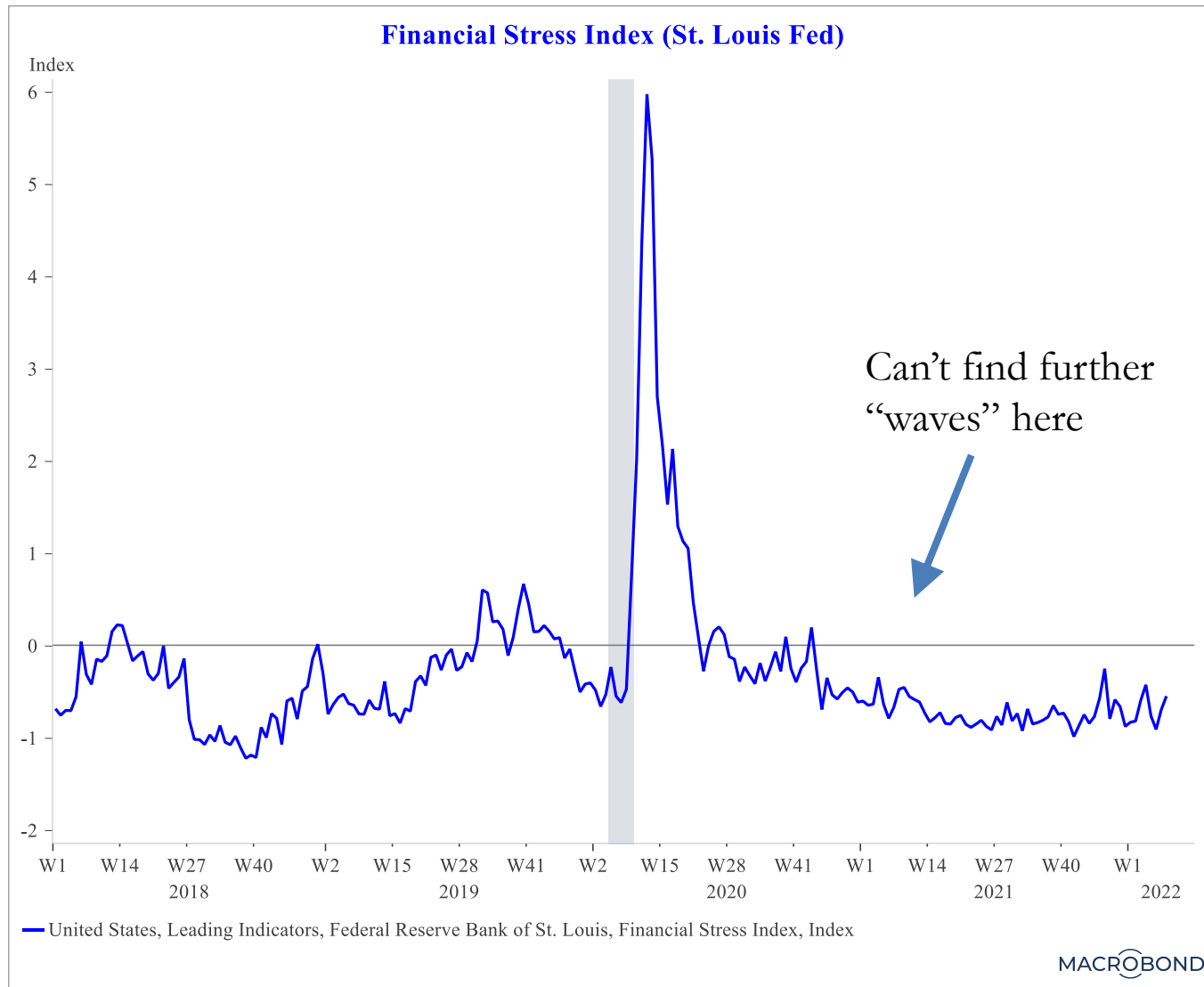
SO ... HOW DID WE GET GDP vs. JOBS?

1. No financial cascade yet this time (monetary action)
2. Jobs cut were lower pay (health crisis = in person *services*)
3. Income replacement was substantial (fiscal action)
4. Goods sales (in store + *online*) recovered quickly
5. Permanent job loss was capped
6. Saving remains / consumer balance sheets overall healthy

U.S. SAVING IS STILL SUBSTANTIAL



QUICK ACTION AVOIDED A FINANCIAL CASCADE



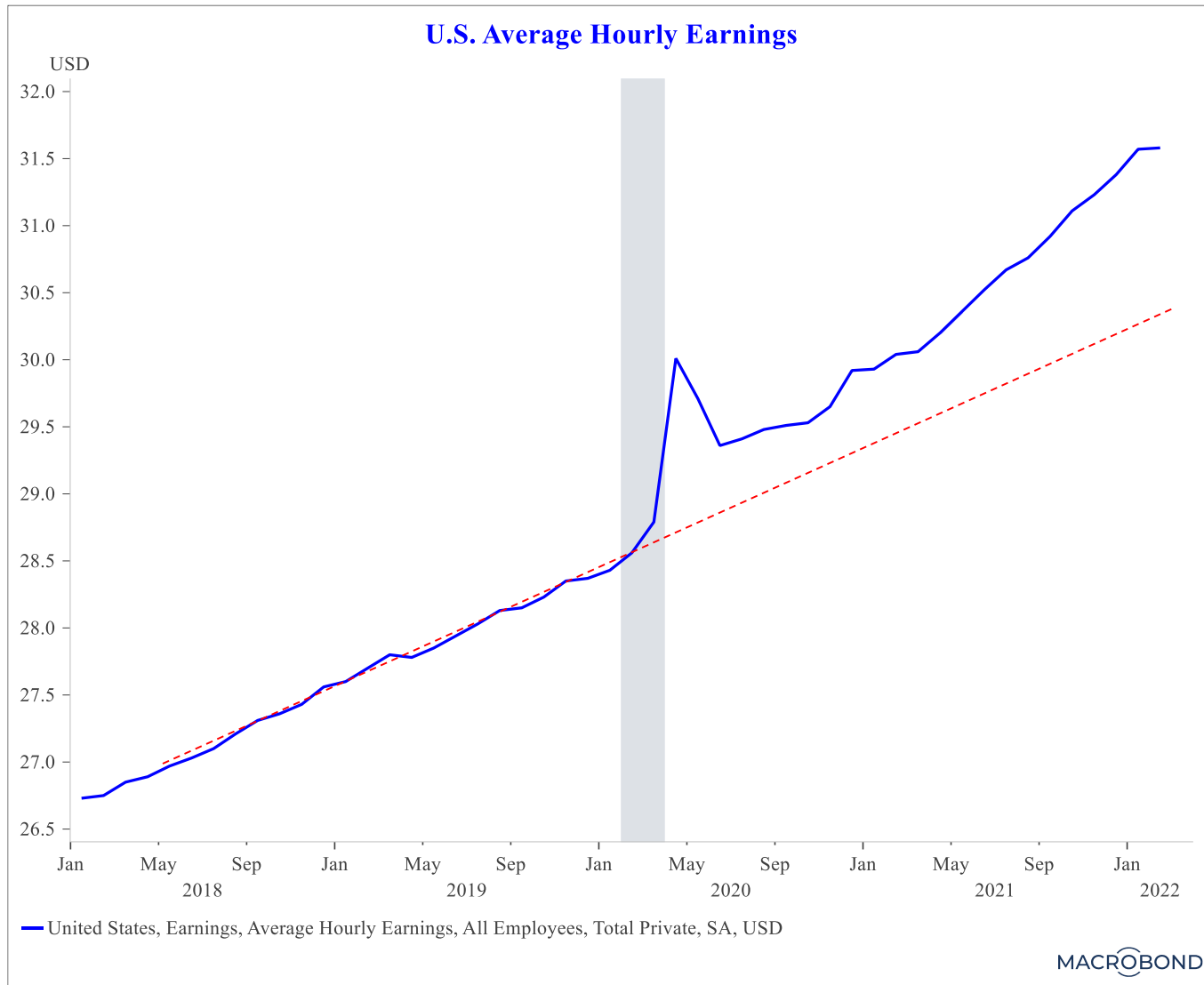
AN ODD CYCLE:

Harvard Study Indicates High-End Consumer Cut Back, Yielding Lower-Pay Job Losses

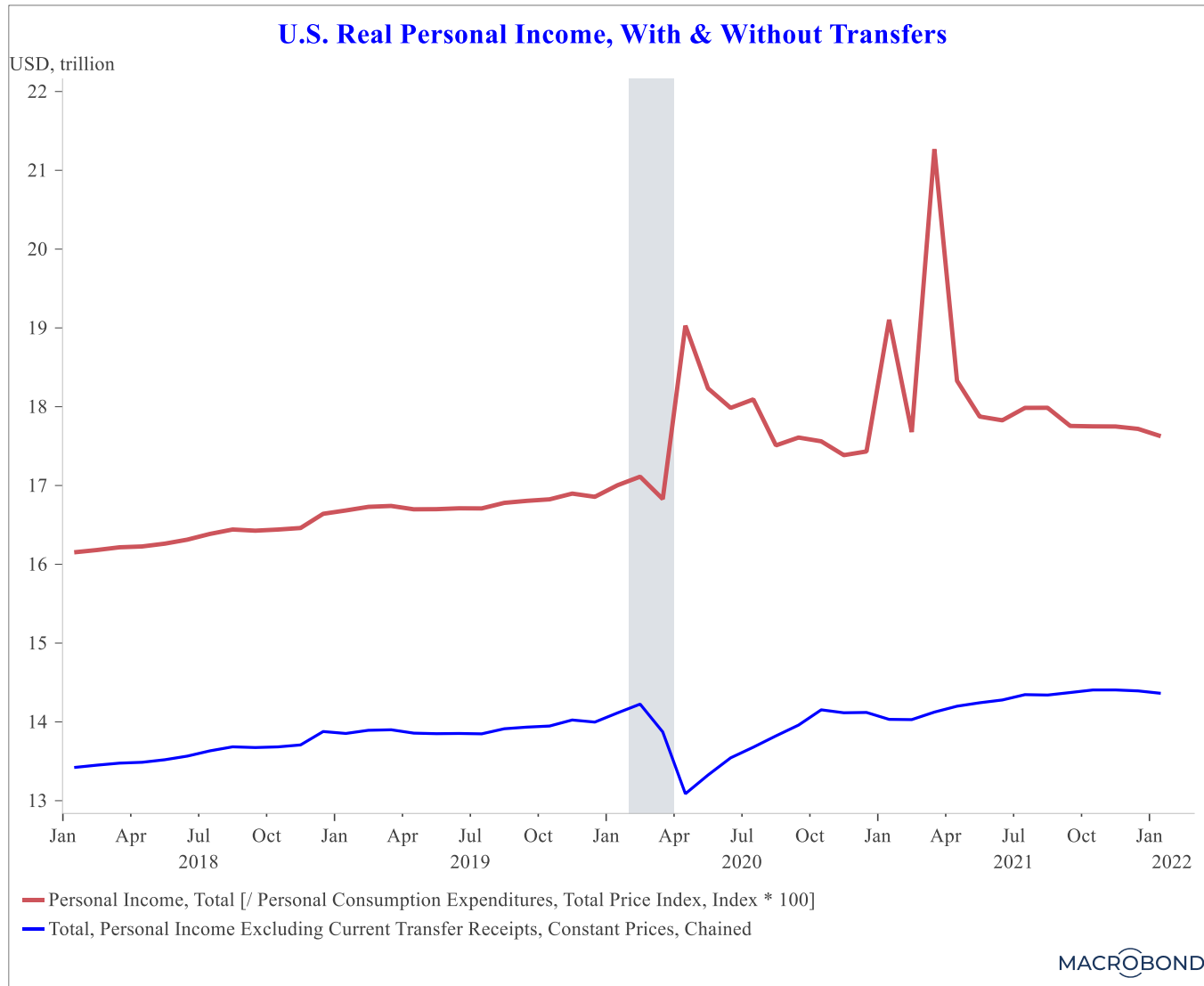
“[H]igh-income individuals reduced spending sharply in mid-March 2020, particularly in areas with high rates of COVID-19 infection and in sectors that require physical interaction. This reduction in spending greatly reduced the revenues of businesses that cater to high-income households in person, notably small businesses in affluent ZIP codes. These businesses laid off most of their low-income employees, leading to a surge in unemployment claims in affluent areas.”

Chetty, Friedman, Hendren, Stepner, 6/17/20

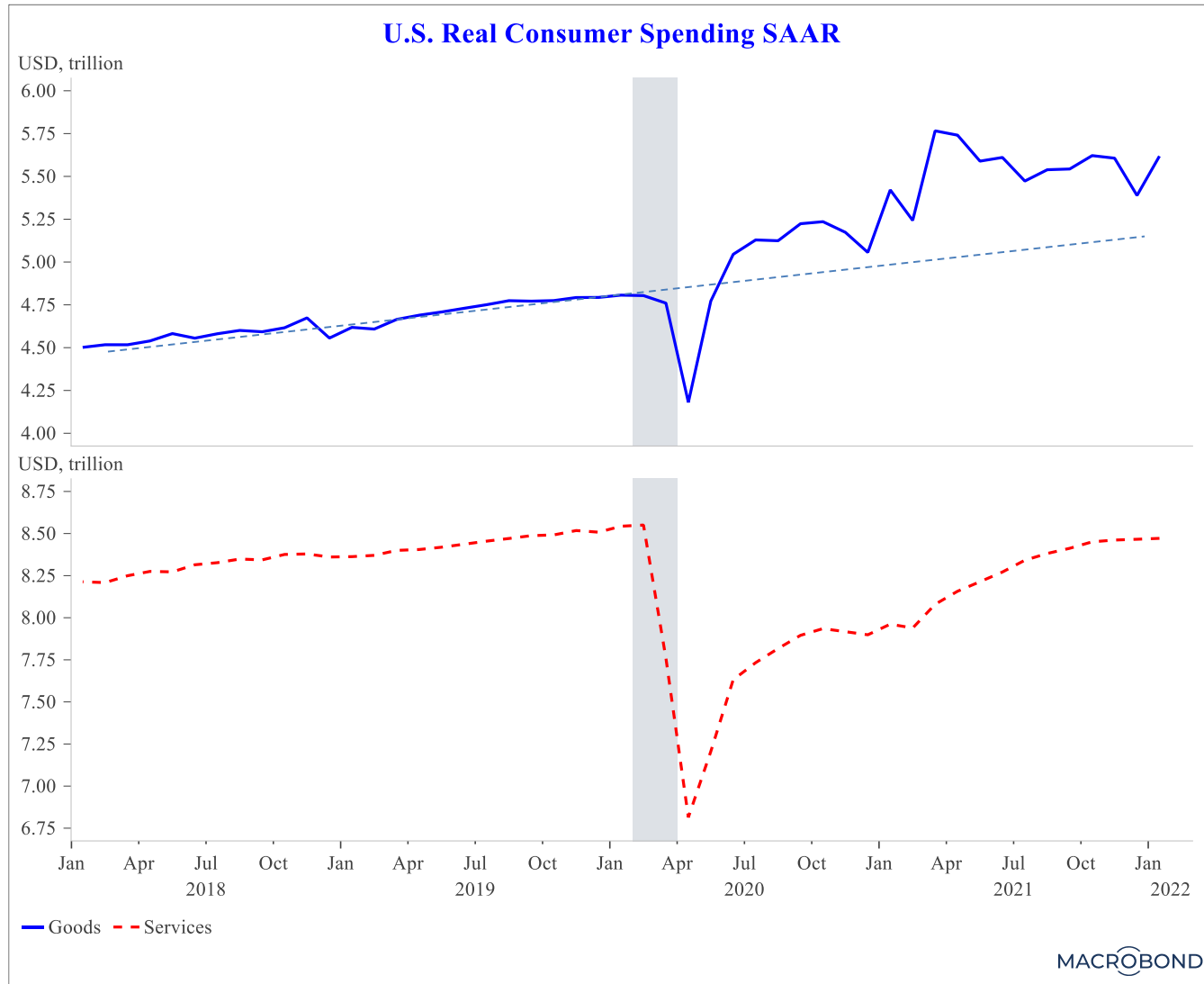
AVERAGE PAY: MIX SHIFT, THEN UP FURTHER



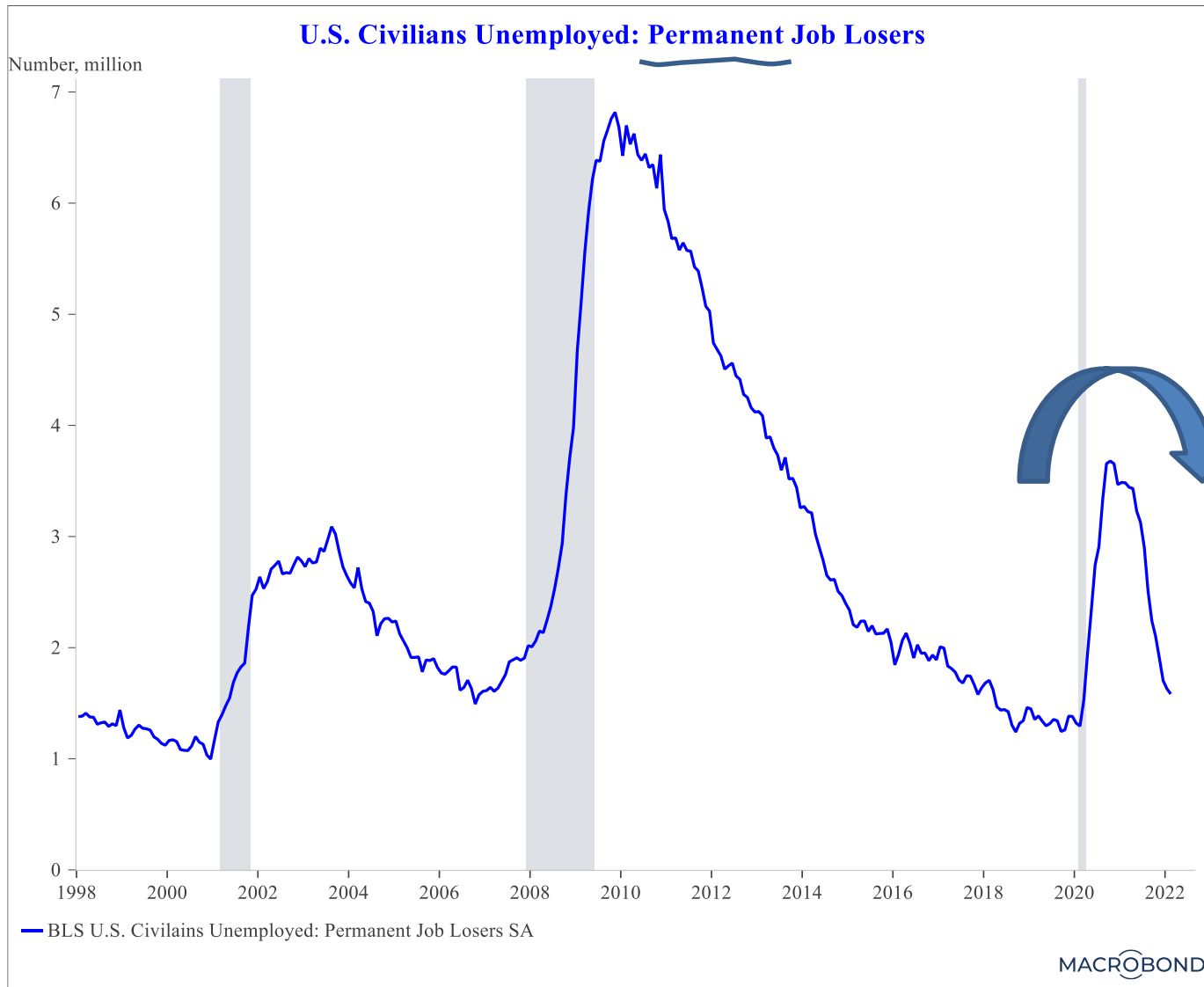
INCOME REPLACEMENT HAS BEEN KEY



FISCAL STIMULUS TO CONSUMER: GOODS > SVC



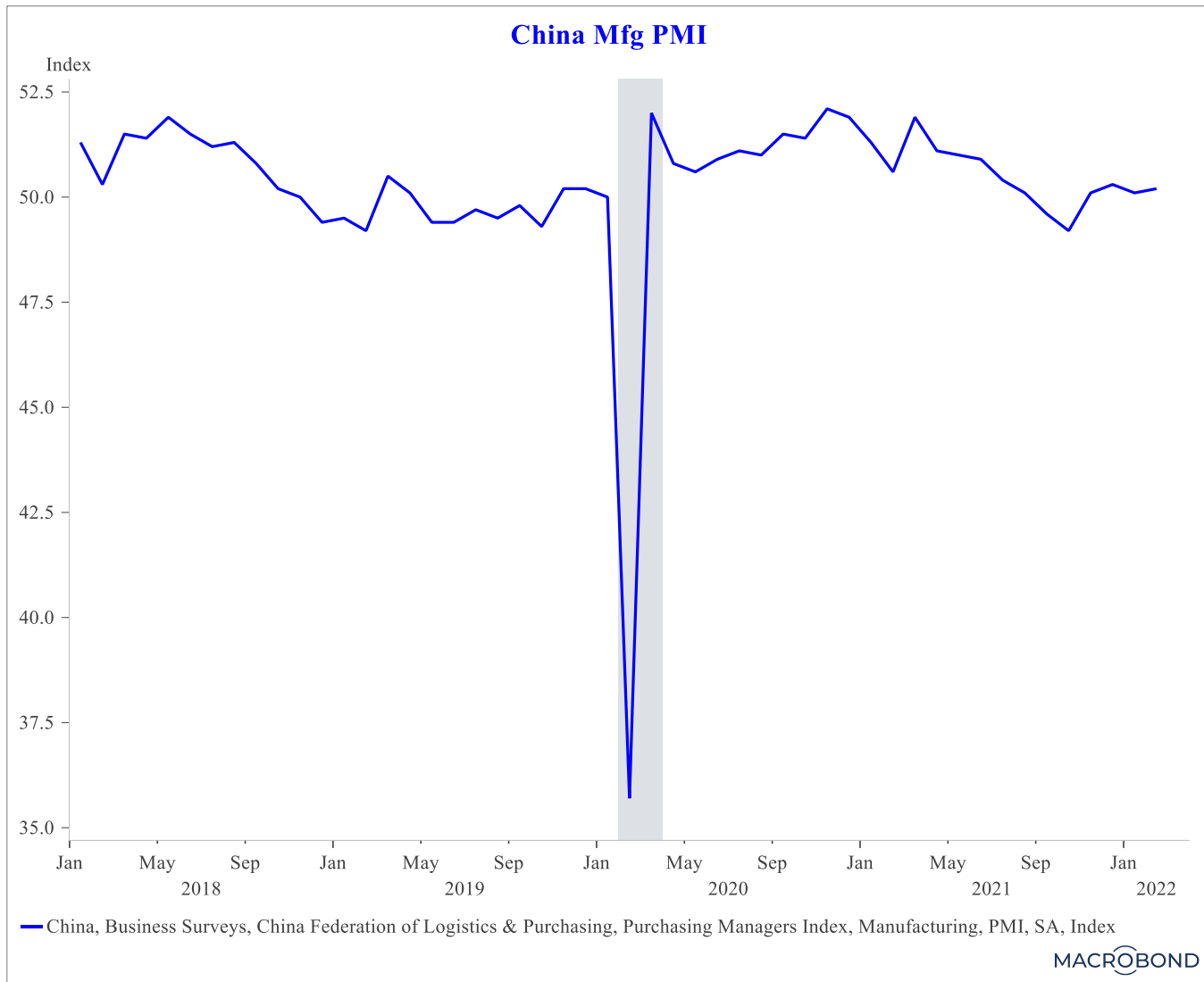
PERMANENT JOB LOSS VS. FURLOUGHS



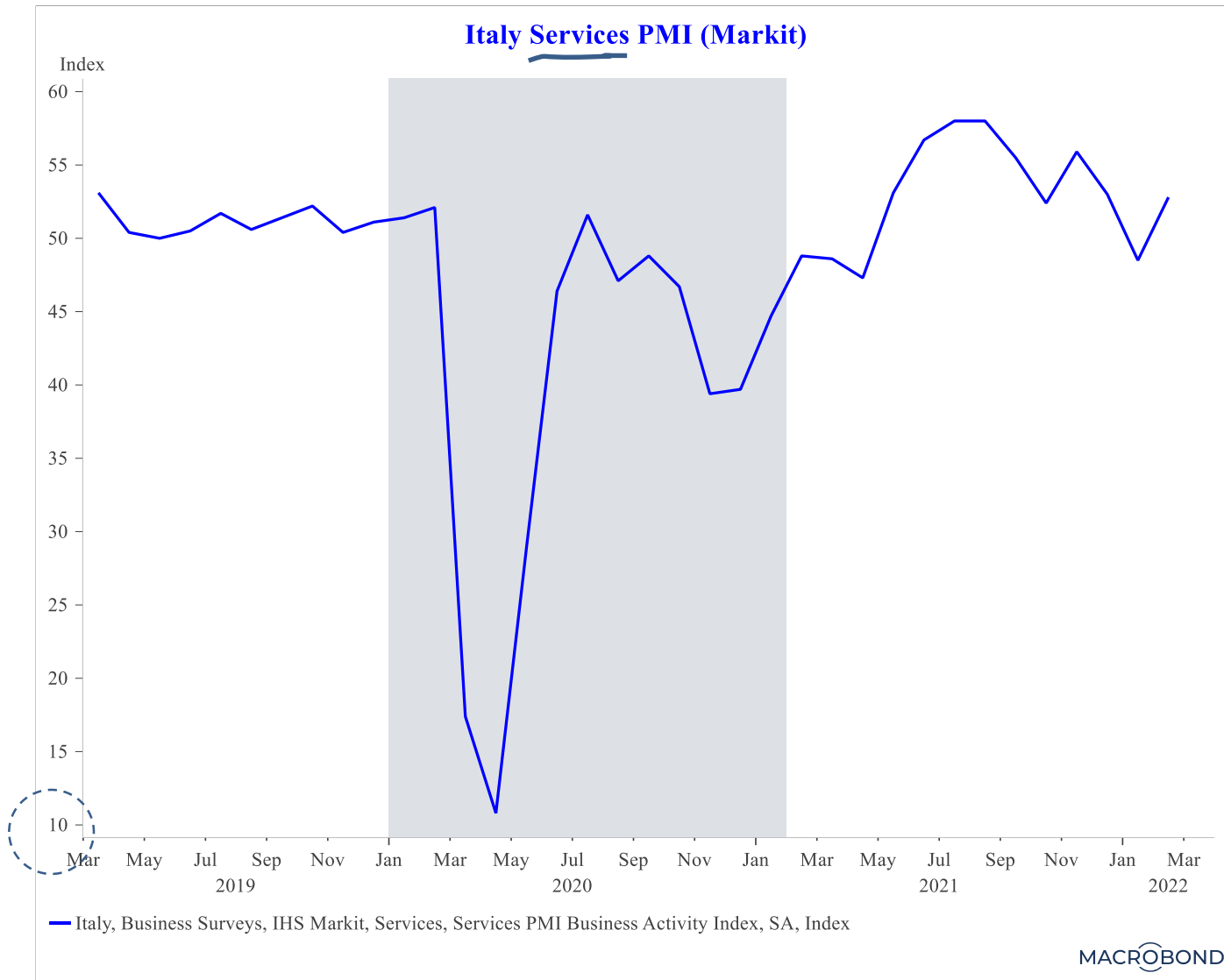
THE HIT HAS BEEN GLOBAL IN SCOPE



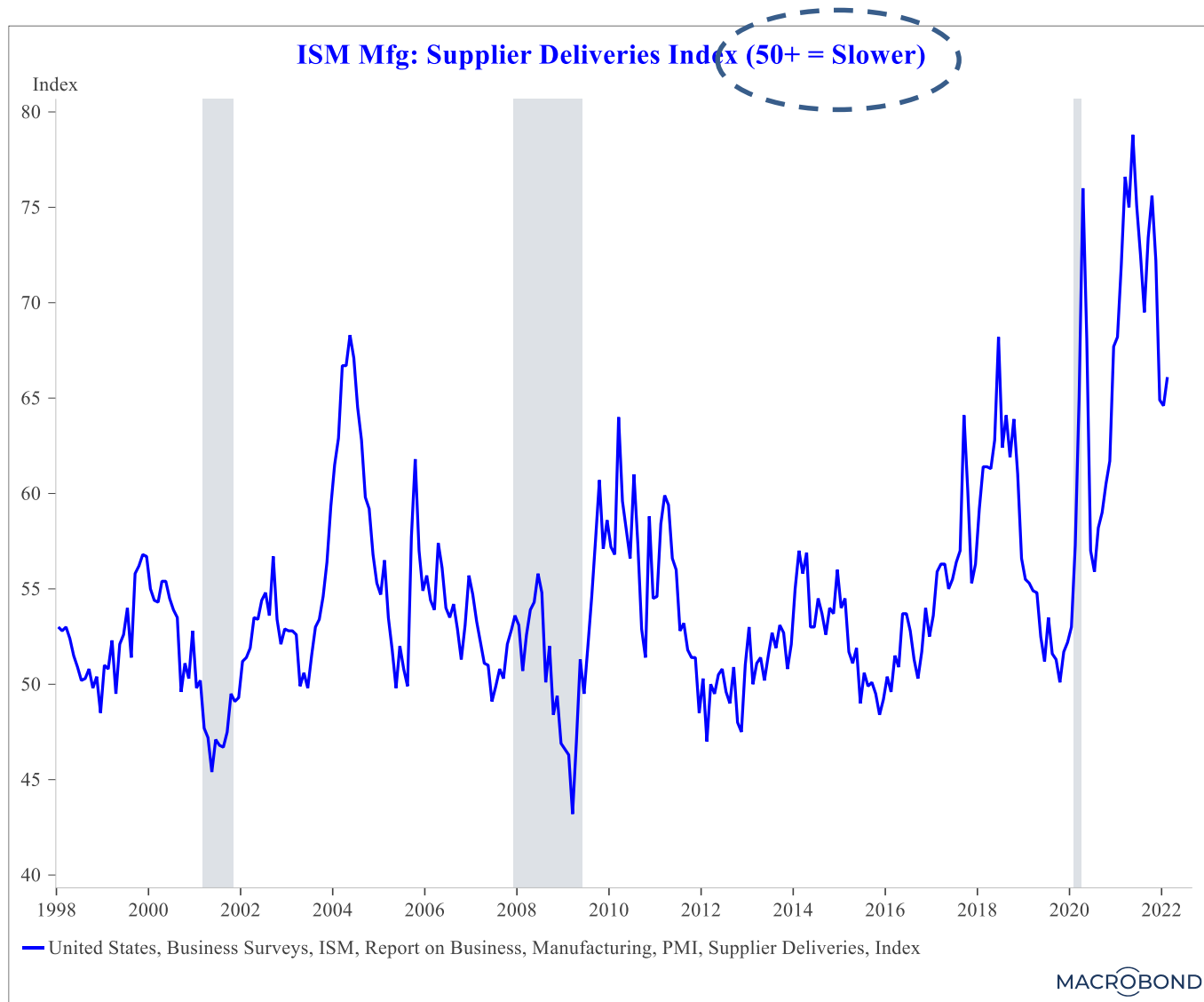
GLOBAL HIT: MFG VS. SVC



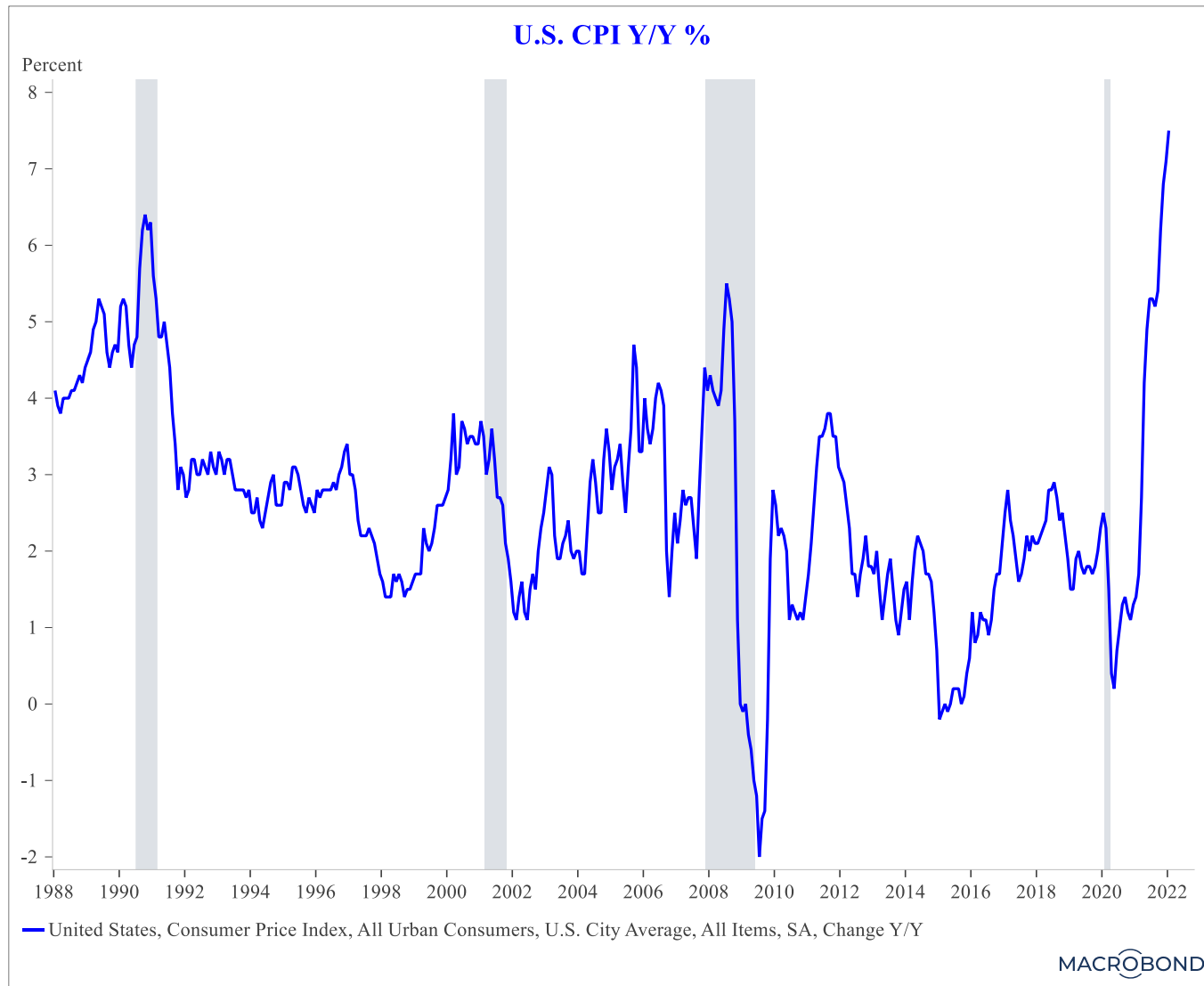
GLOBAL HIT: MFG VS. SVC



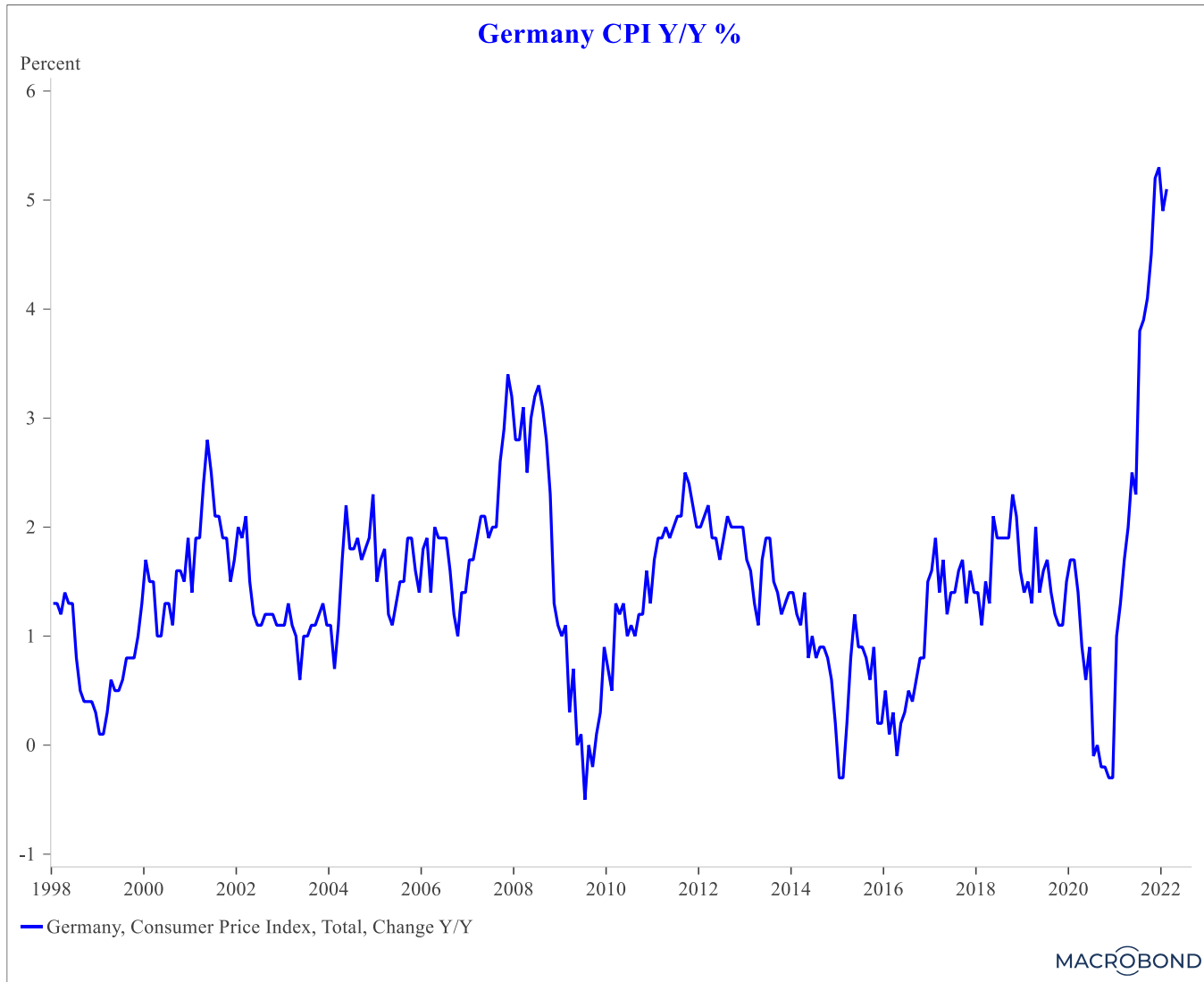
SUPPLIER DELIVERIES HAVE SLOWED



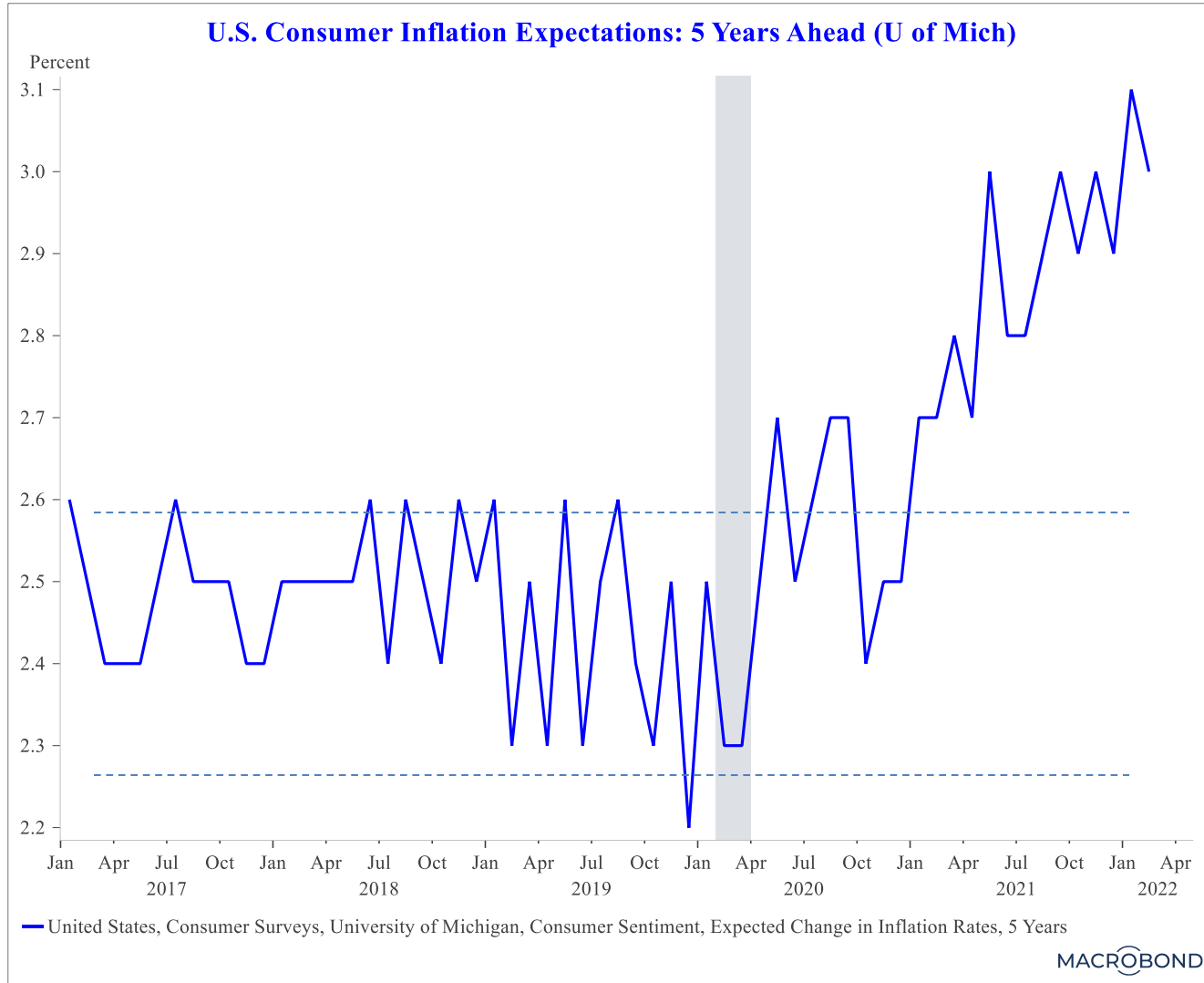
INFLATION: NOT LOOKING TRANSITORY YET



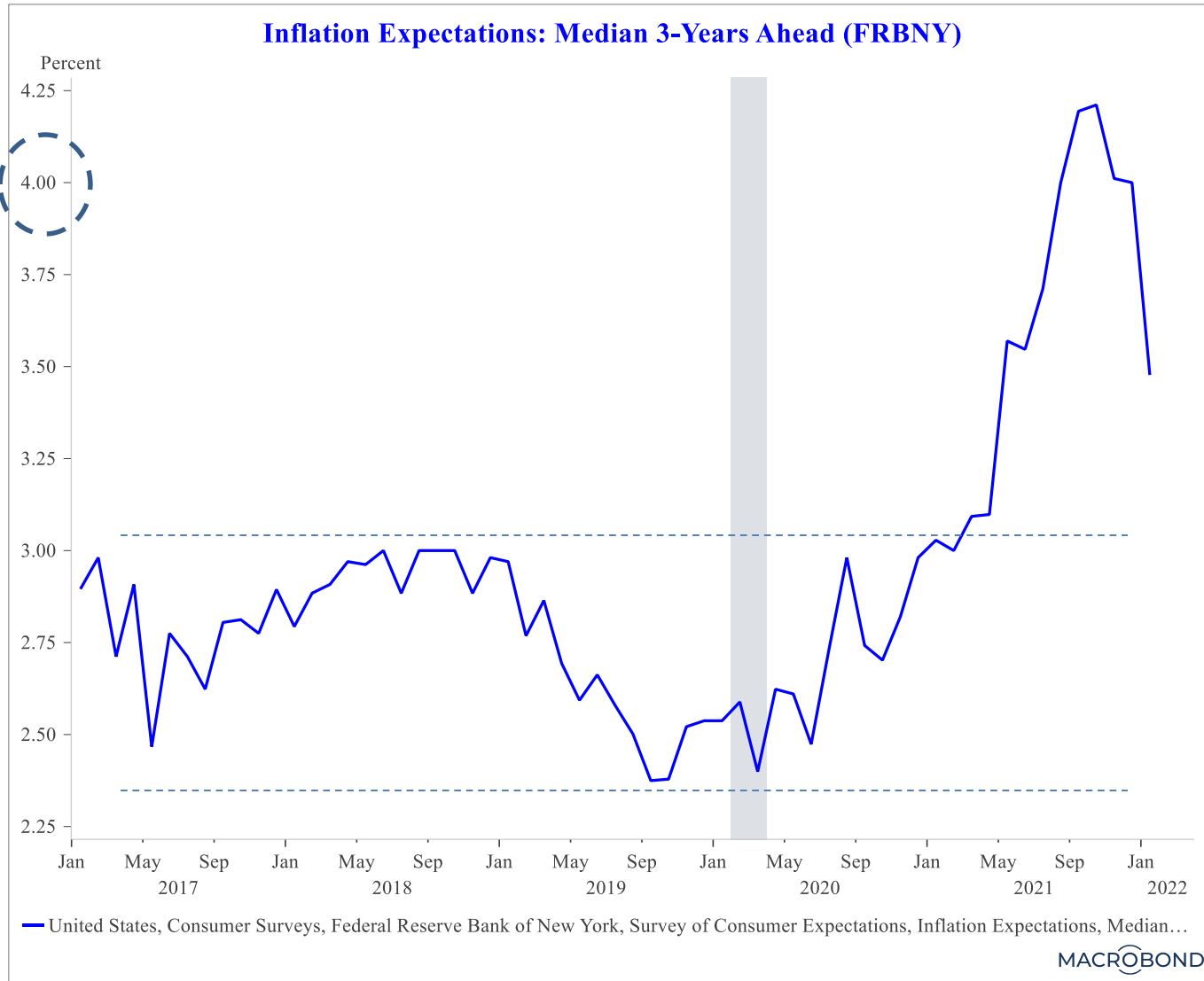
INFLATION: NOT LOOKING TRANSITORY YET



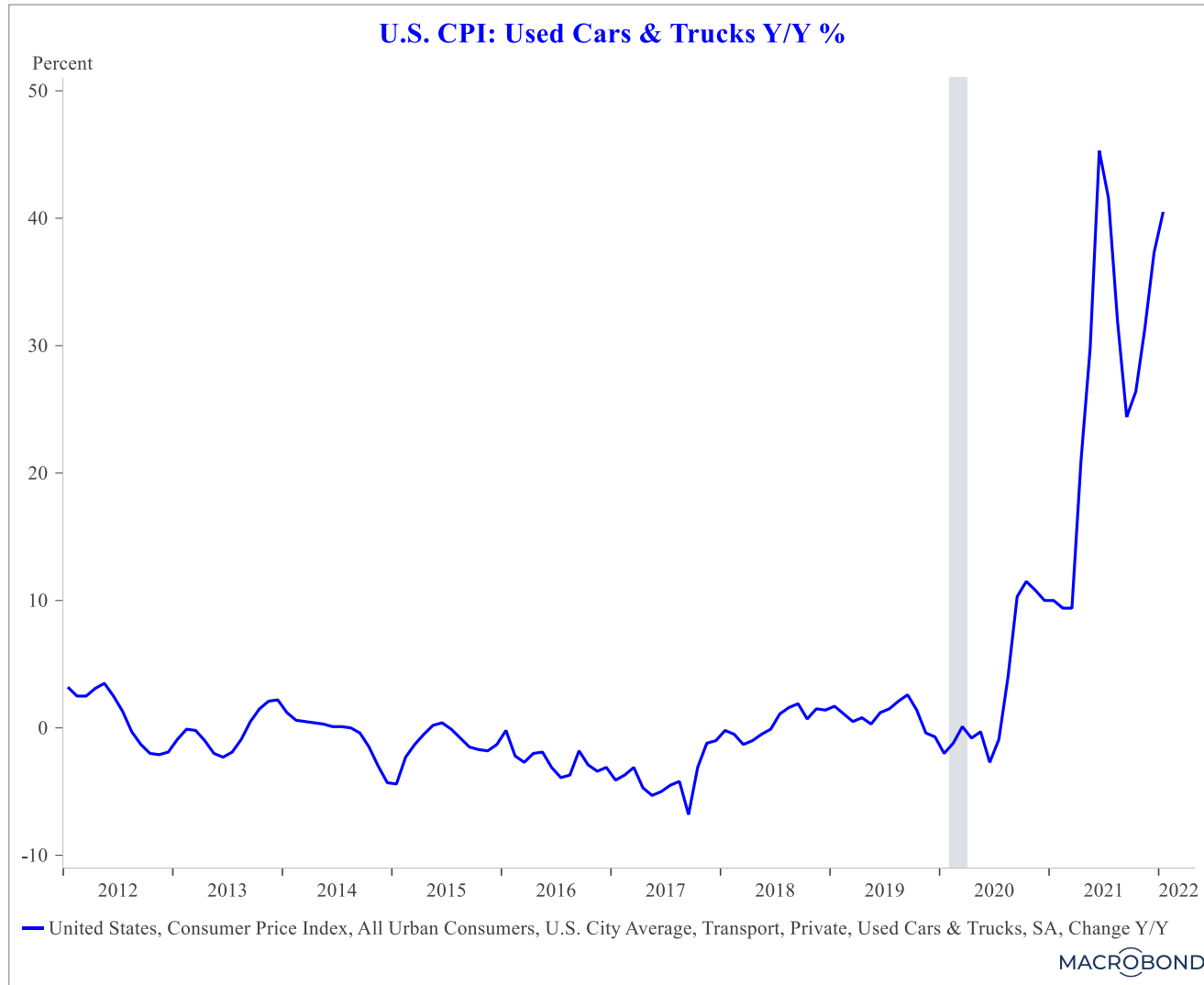
IS INFLATION “STICKY”: EXPECTATIONS



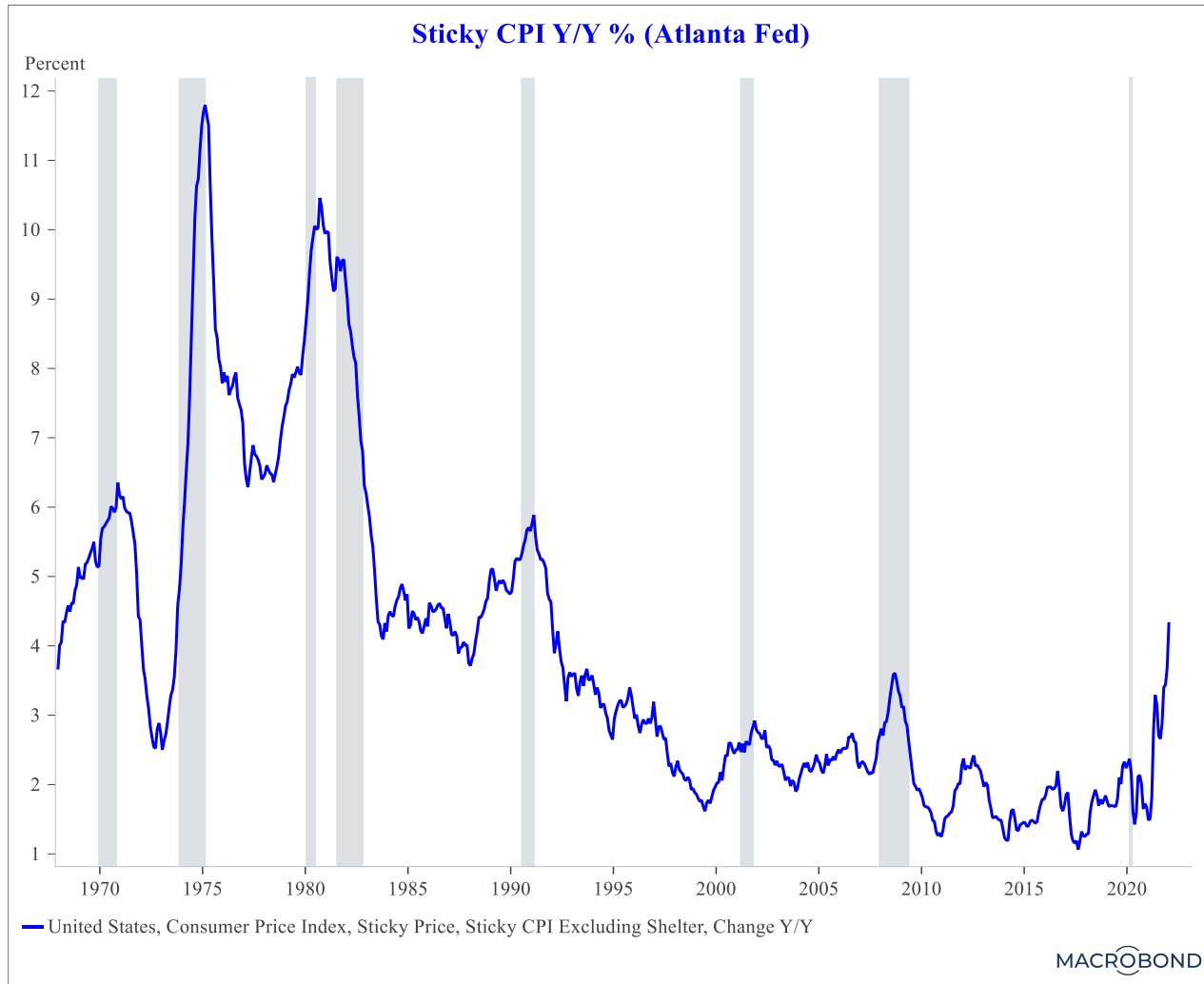
IS INFLATION “STICKY”: EXPECTATIONS



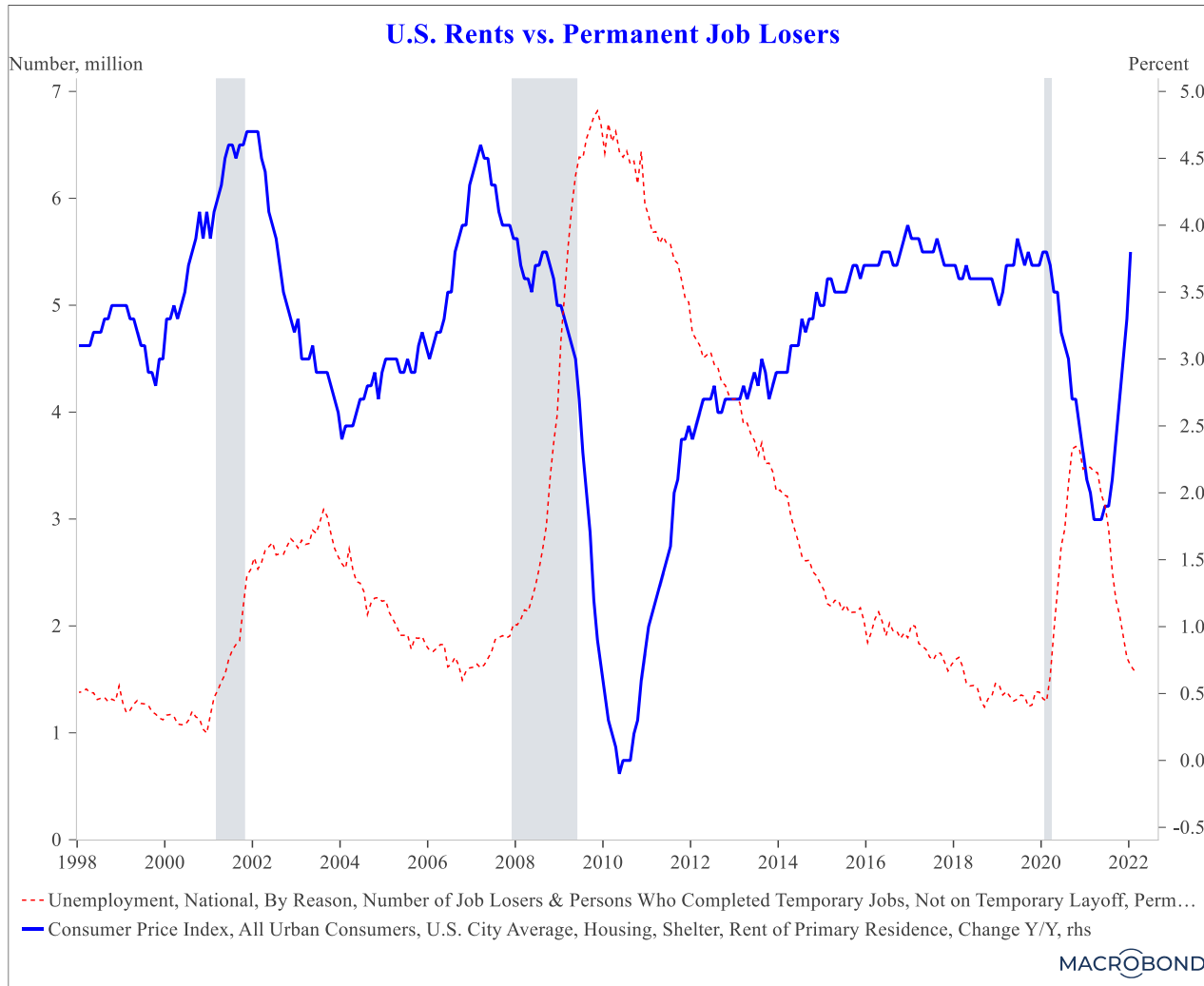
RE-OPEN NOTABLE IN SOME CPI COMPONENTS



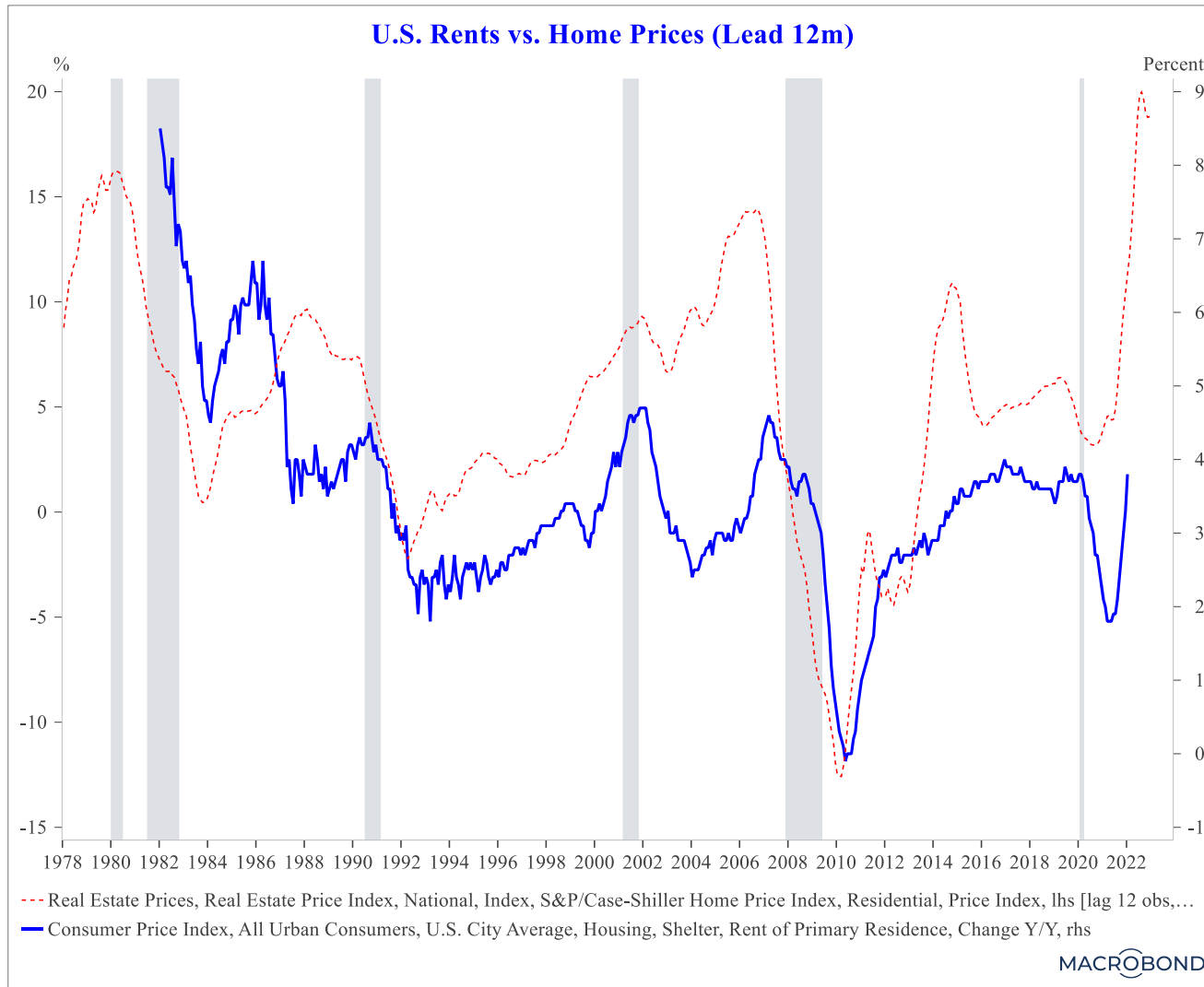
ALTERNATE “CORE” MEASURES MATTER NOW



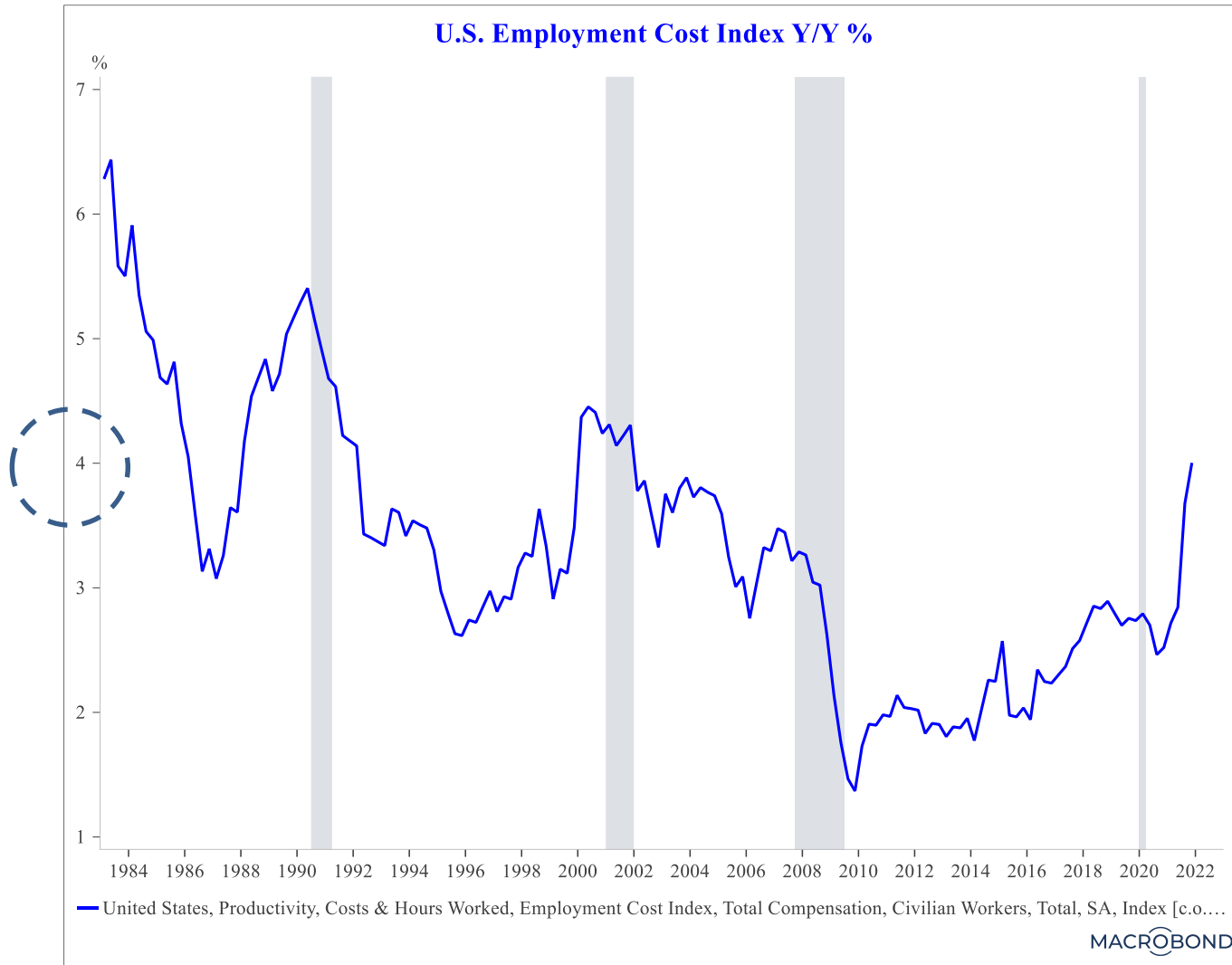
WATCH RENTS + WAGES GOING FORWARD



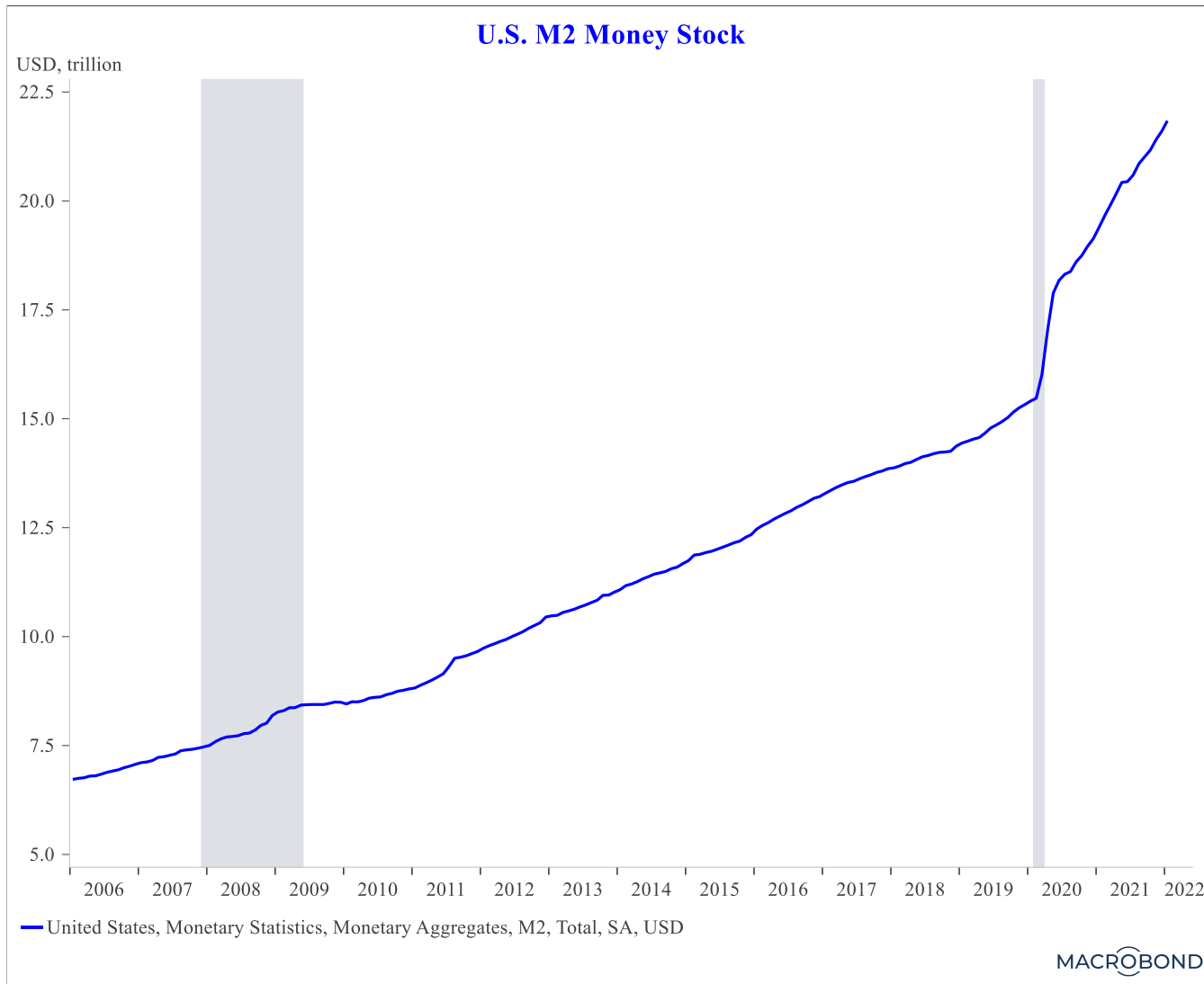
WATCH RENTS + EGREGIOUS HOME PRICES



U.S. WAGES (DOWNWARD STICKY) ARE RISING

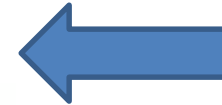


MONETARY STIMULUS: QE CAN'T FIX SUPPLY



THE FED CAN'T DO THIS ALONE ... NEEDS HELP

3. Monetary transmission mechanism in the FRB/US model: Full-model simulated effect of a 1 percentage point fall in the federal funds rate

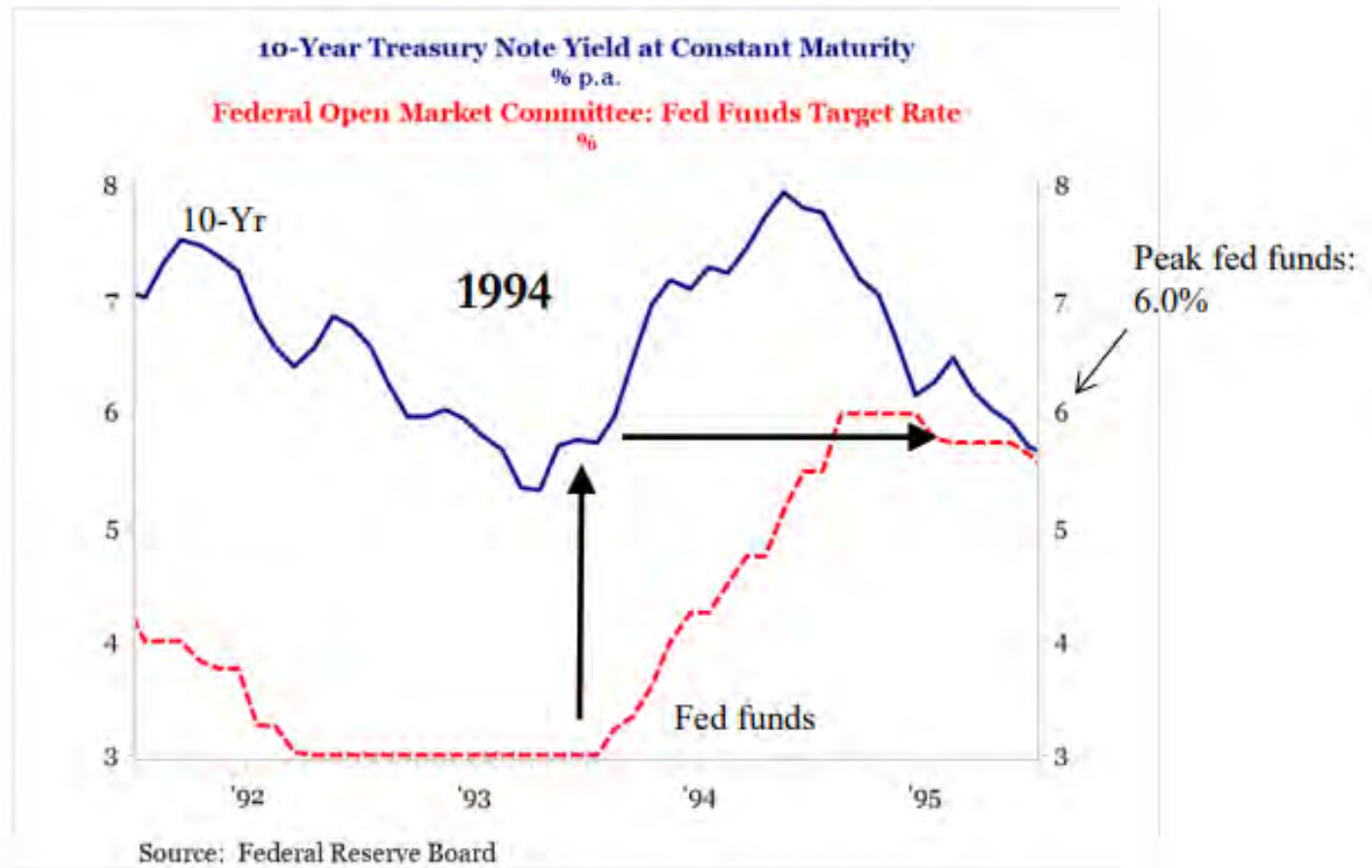


Percent

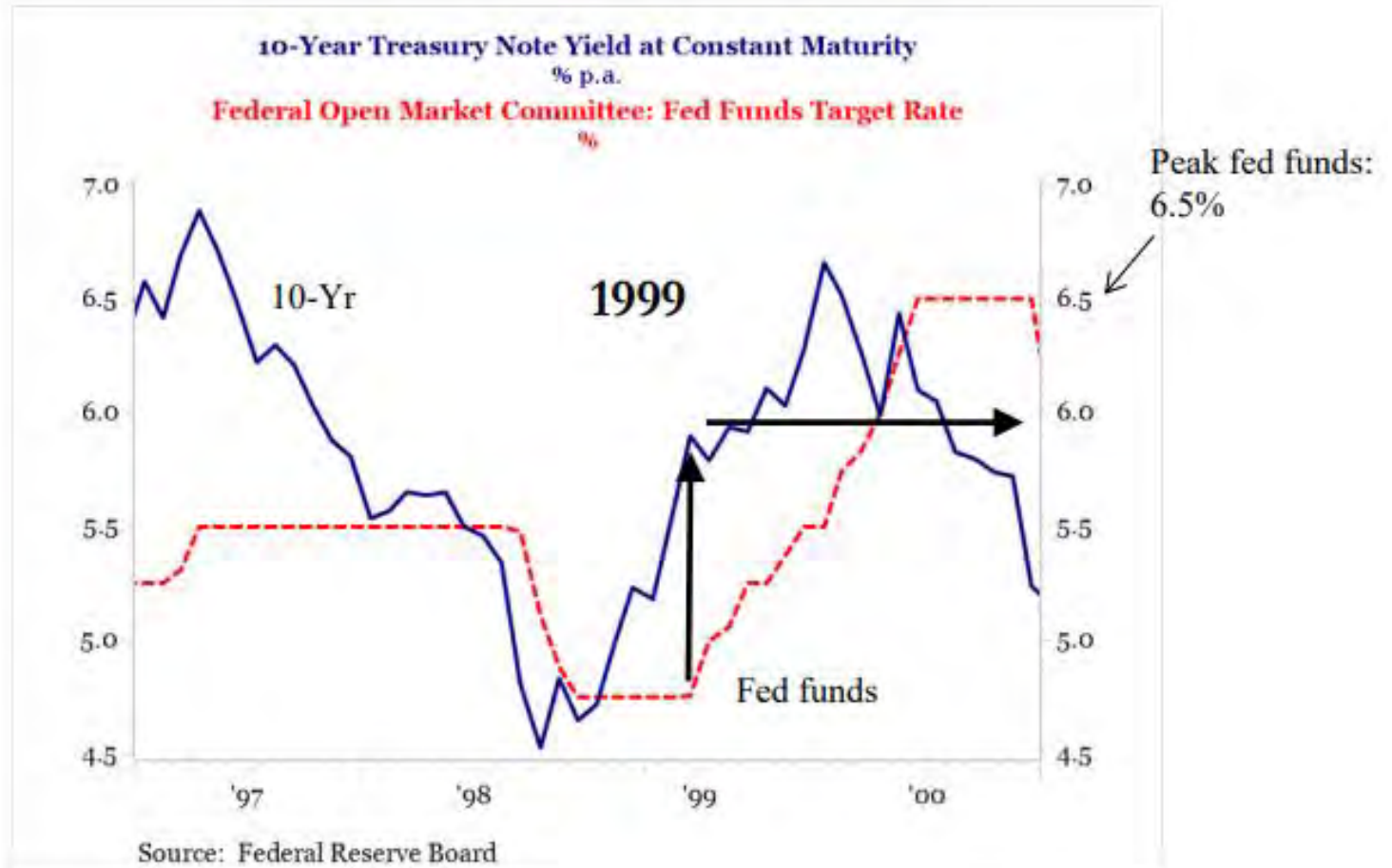
Item	Response at end of year	
	1	2
	Change from baseline	
<i>Financial markets</i>		
Yield on 10-year Treasury bonds	-3	-5
Stock market prices	8.8	12.7
Exchange rate value of the dollar	-2.2	-4.9
<i>Aggregate activity</i>		
GDP (chain-weighted 1992 dollars)6	1.7
Unemployment rate	-2	-7
Consumer price inflation rate2	.6

Source: <https://www.federalreserve.gov/pubs/bulletin/1999/0199lead.pdf>

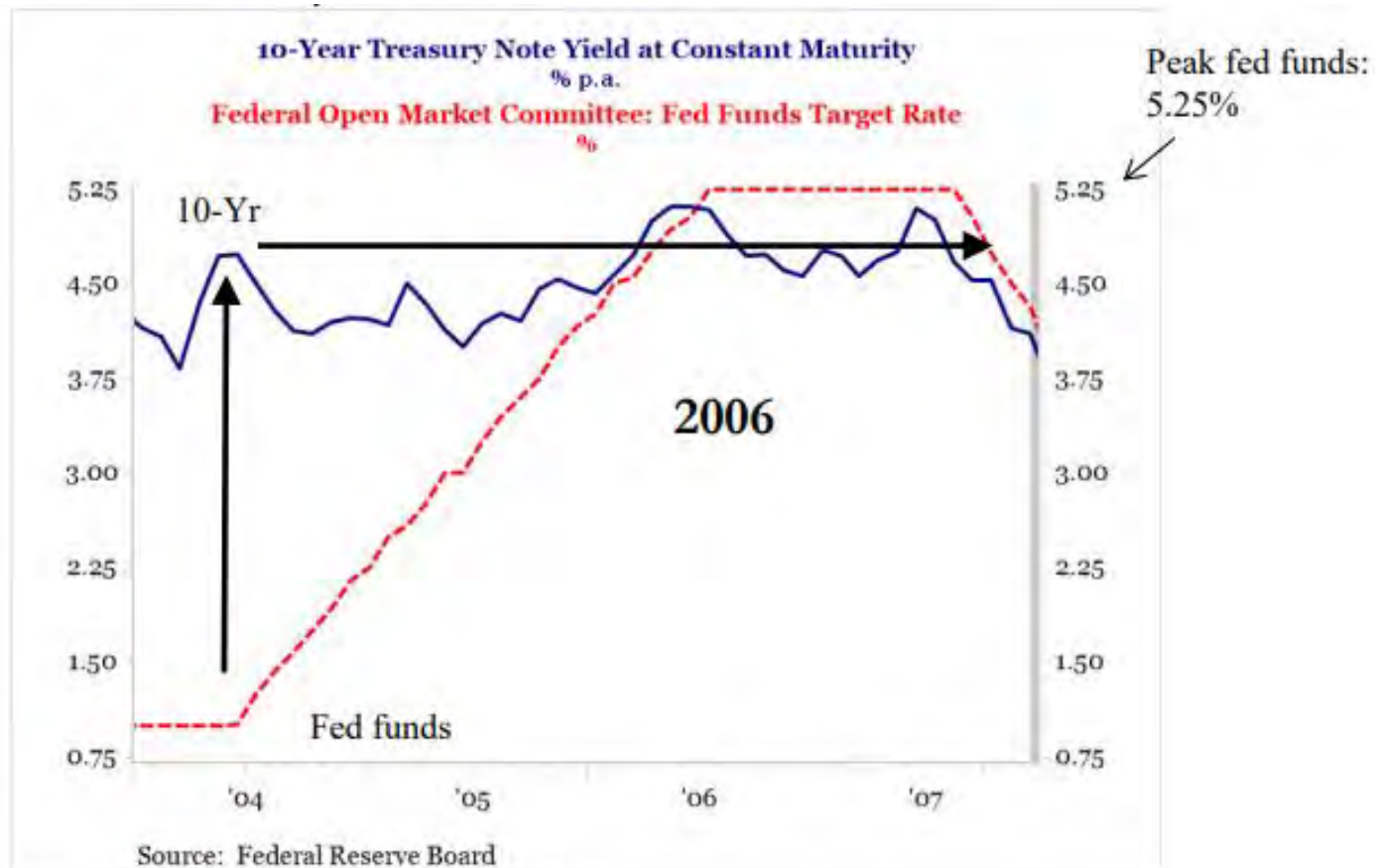
HOW FAR FOR FED NORMALIZATION?



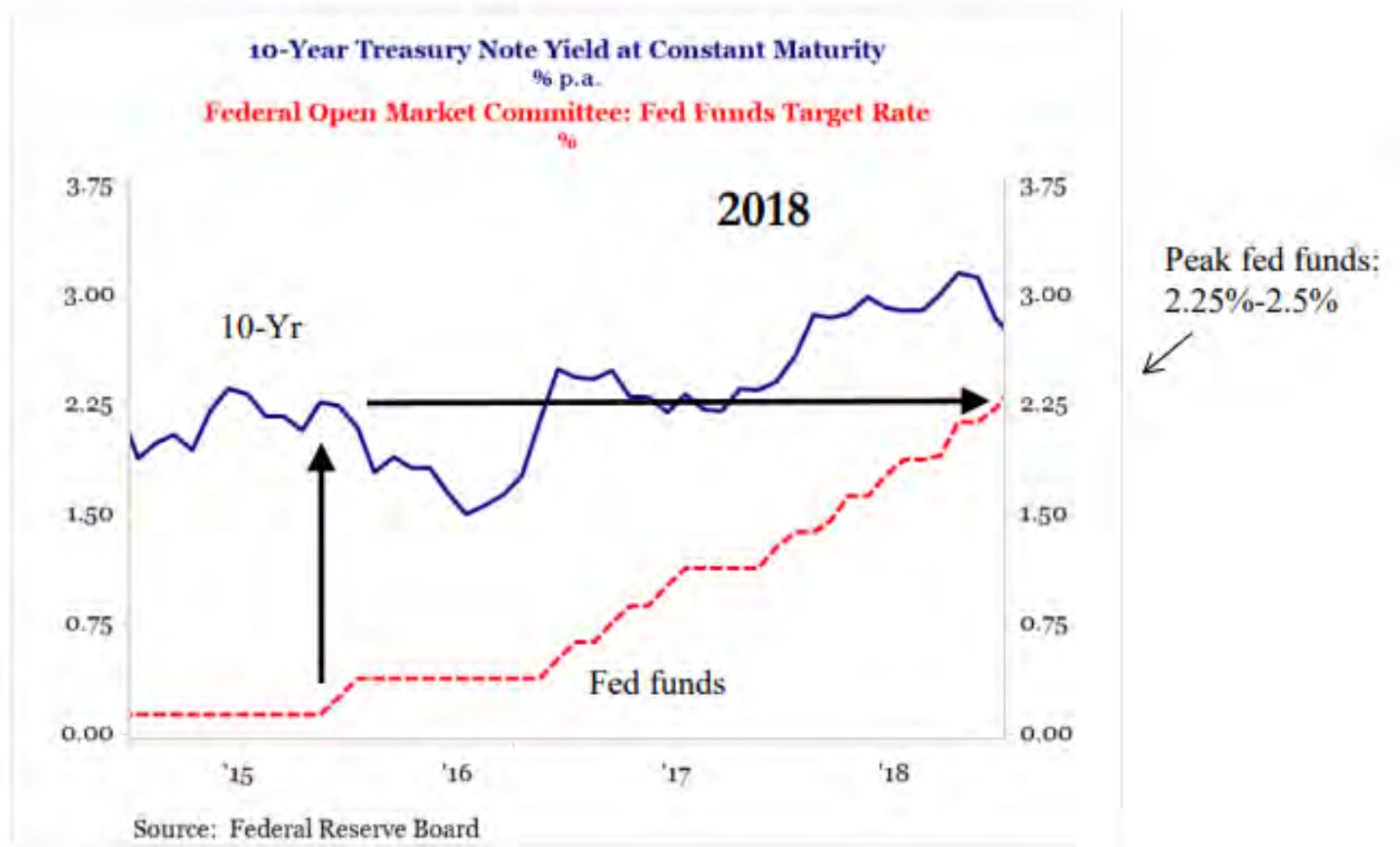
HOW FAR FOR FED NORMALIZATION?



HOW FAR FOR FED NORMALIZATION?

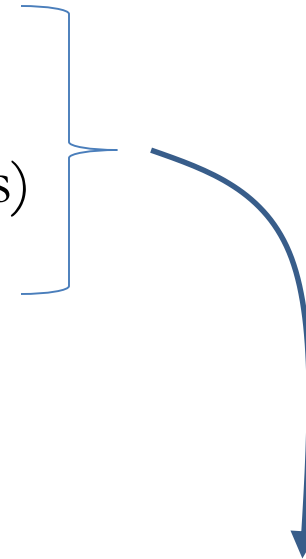


HOW FAR FOR FED NORMALIZATION?



PRIVATE SECTOR NEEDS TO HELP THE FED: 4 Main Bottlenecks We're Monitoring

1. Product (eg, semis, autos)
2. Transportation (eg, ports, school buses)
3. Labor
4. Energy



“Ketchup Bottle” model of the economy ... →



Plenty of Problems in China, But Exports Up



U.S. LABOR BOTTLENECK IMPROVING ... SLOWLY

- Significant retirements, many now not in the labor force



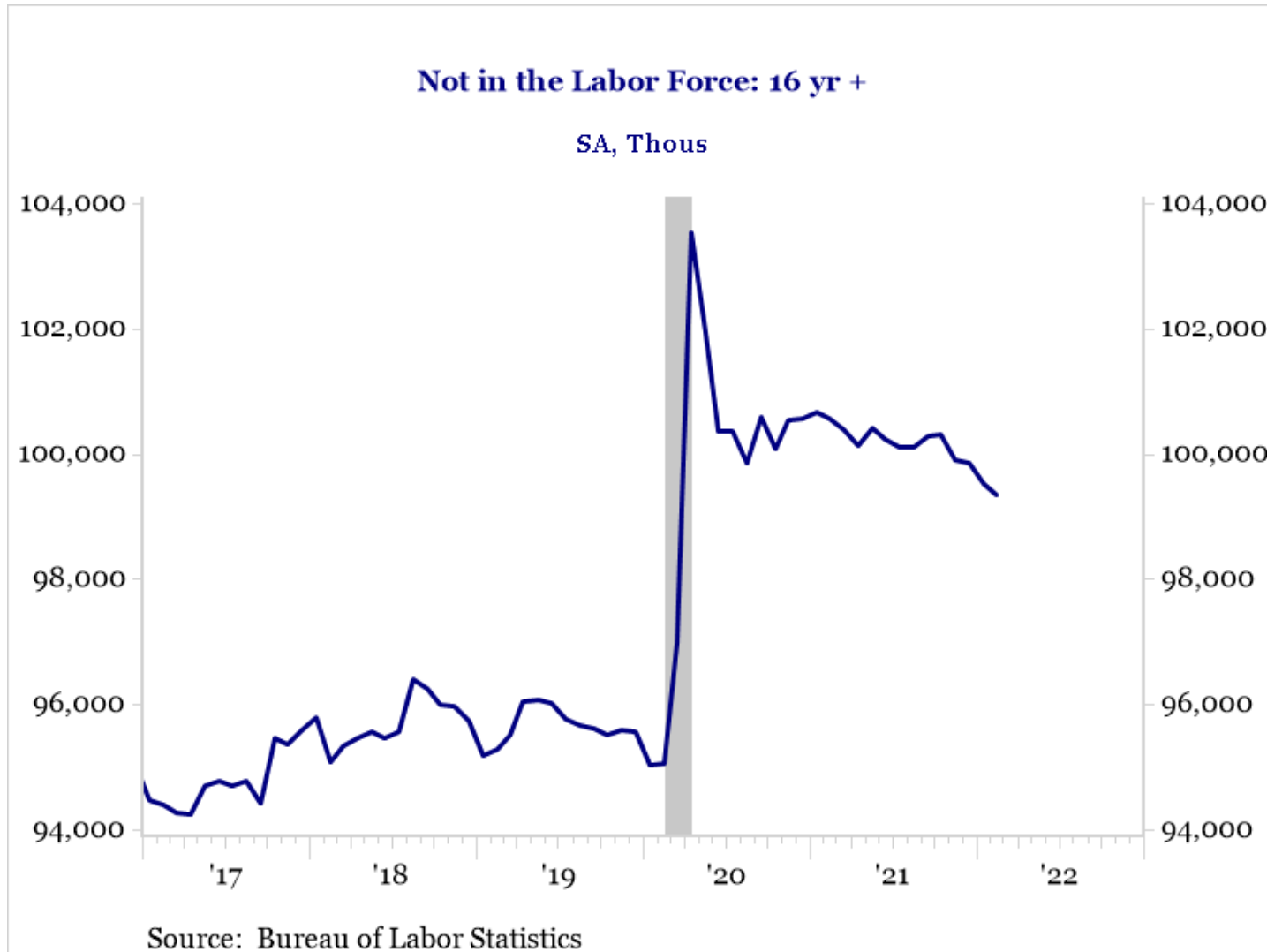
2021, No. 25

The COVID Retirement Boom

by Miguel Faria e Castro

← This looks more structural.

U.S. LABOR BOTTLENECK IMPROVING ... SLOWLY



WHAT'S WRONG WITH THE U.S. LABOR MARKET

Factors Affecting Labor Supply:

Pandemic mortality (small)

Pandemic health impairment

Early retirements

Unwillingness to take a “non-essential” job

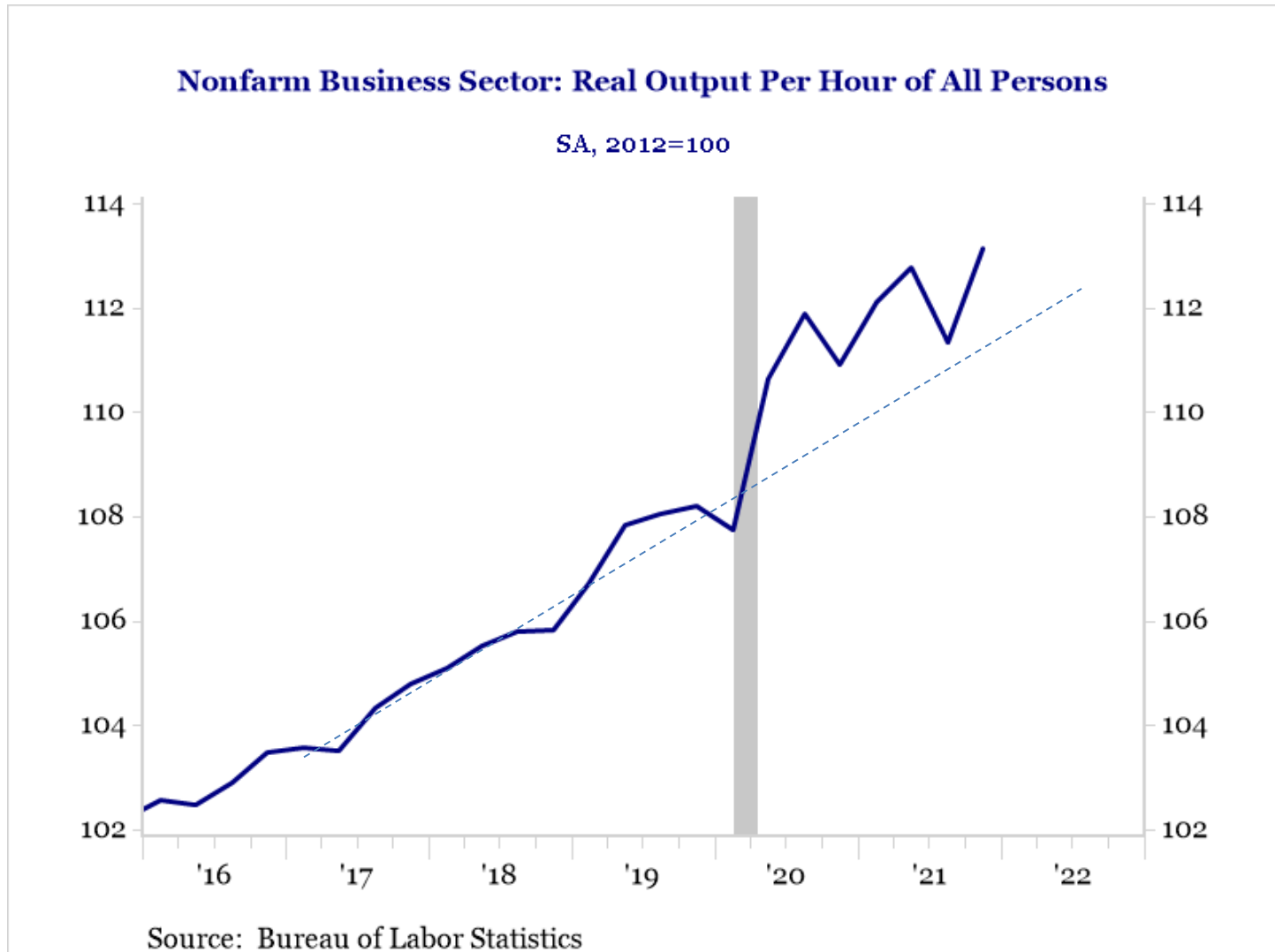
Schools closing/threatening to close

Disincentives w/ expanded jobless benefits

Vaccine mandates & layoffs

Basically an “all of the above” answer ...

WATCHING PRODUCTIVITY TREND NOW

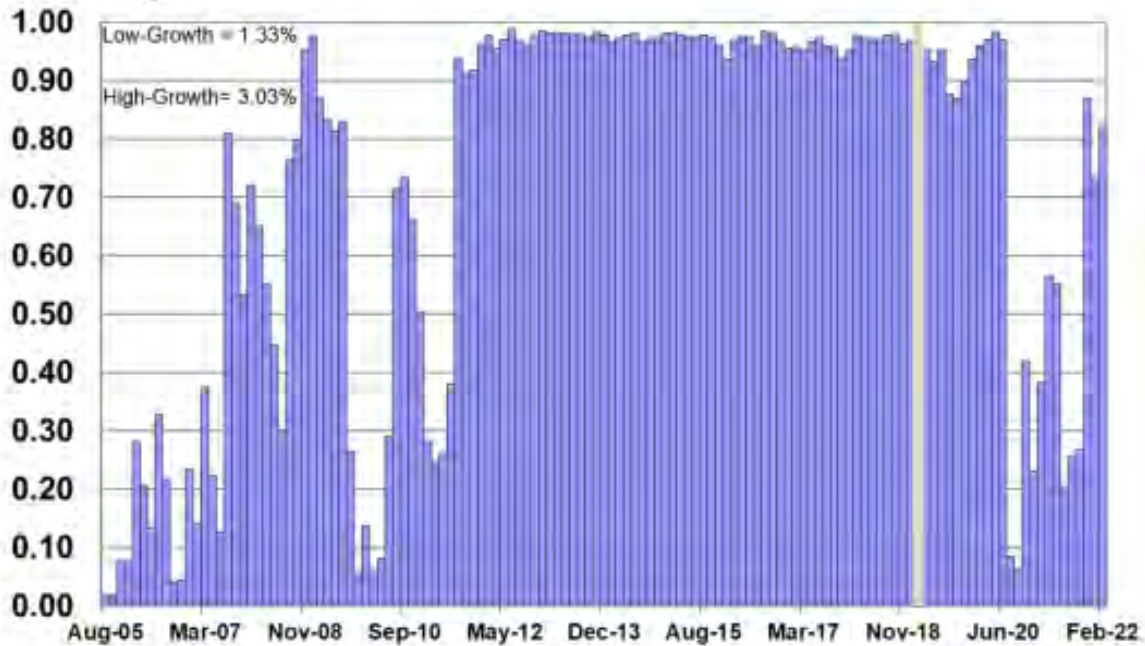


KAHN-RICH MODEL CAN HELP LOOKING FORWARD

Low-Growth Regime Probabilities

Real-Time Assessments for the Most Recent Quarter

Probability



Note: The February 2019 gray bar indicates a missing observation due to the government shutdown.

Source: https://www.newyorkfed.org/research/current_issues/ci12-8.html

CAPITAL-FOR-LABOR SUBSTITUTION?



SUMMARY: PATH TO A MID-CYCLE SLOWDOWN

- Wage data (especially the Employment Cost Index) remain key for our forecast. A “nimble” Fed will pay attention.
- There remains a pathway to a soft landing in the economy, if the private sector helps the Fed get inflation under control in 2022 (limited China factory interruptions, manageable geopolitical shocks to energy, limited new bottlenecks on the U.S./Canada border, U.S. labor supply continues to show up).
- Our base case remains a 2023 mid-cycle slowdown (50% odds). But the message of the U.S. yield curve seems to be that the second-most-likely outcome is that continued inflation surprises drive the Fed to overdo tightening (as they try to be nimble), and growth falters (35% odds). The curve is not inverted yet, but we are paying close attention. An upside surprise case would involve productivity increasing and growth proving robust (15% odds).

APPENDIX – IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES

Past performance is not indicative of future results. This communication was prepared by Strategas Securities, LLC (“we” or “us”) and is intended for institutional investors only. Recipients of this communication may not distribute it to others without our express prior consent. This communication is provided for informational purposes only and is not an offer, recommendation or solicitation to buy or sell any security. This communication does not constitute, nor should it be regarded as, investment research or a research report or securities recommendation and it does not provide information reasonably sufficient upon which to base an investment decision. This is not a complete analysis of every material fact regarding any company, industry or security. Additional analysis would be required to make an investment decision. This communication is not based on the investment objectives, strategies, goals, financial circumstances, needs or risk tolerance of any particular client and is not presented as suitable to any other particular client. The intended recipients of this communication are presumed to be capable of conducting their own analysis, risk evaluation, and decision-making regarding their investments.

For investors subject to MiFID II (European Directive 2014/65/EU and related Delegated Directives): We classify the intended recipients of this communication as “professional clients” or “eligible counterparties” with the meaning of MiFID II and the rules of the UK Financial Conduct Authority. The contents of this report are not provided on an independent basis and are not “investment advice” or “personal recommendations” within the meaning of MiFID II and the rules of the UK Financial Conduct Authority.

The information in this communication has been obtained from sources we consider to be reliable, but we cannot guarantee its accuracy. The information is current only as of the date of this communication and we do not undertake to update or revise such information following such date. To the extent that any securities or their issuers are included in this communication, we do not undertake to provide any information about such securities or their issuers in the future. We do not follow, cover or provide any fundamental or technical analyses, investment ratings, price targets, financial models or other guidance on any particular securities or companies. Further, to the extent that any securities or their issuers are included in this communication, each person responsible for the content included in this communication certifies that any views expressed with respect to such securities or their issuers accurately reflect his or her personal views about the same and that no part of his or her compensation was, is, or will be directly or indirectly related to the specific recommendations or views contained in this communication. This communication is provided on a “where is, as is” basis, and we expressly disclaim any liability for any losses or other consequences of any person’s use of or reliance on the information contained in this communication.

Strategas Securities, LLC is affiliated with Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated (“Baird”), a broker-dealer and FINRA member firm, although the two firms conduct separate and distinct businesses. A complete listing of all applicable disclosures pertaining to Baird with respect to any individual companies mentioned in this communication can be accessed at <http://www.rwbaird.com/research-insights/research/coverage/third-party-research-disclosures.aspx>. You can also call 1-800-792-2473 or write: Robert W. Baird & Co., PWM Research & Analytics, 777 E. Wisconsin Avenue, Milwaukee, WI 53202.